

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____



AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Commission file number: 001-35030

AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, L.P.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Commission file number: 333-202342-01

Maryland (American Assets Trust, Inc.)
Maryland (American Assets Trust, L.P.)
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

27-3338708 (American Assets Trust, Inc.)
27-3338894 (American Assets Trust, L.P.)
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

3420 Carmel Mountain Road, Suite 100
San Diego, California 92121
(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

(858) 350-2600
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

American Assets Trust, Inc. Yes No
American Assets Trust, L.P. Yes No

(American Assets Trust, L.P. became subject to filing requirements under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, upon effectiveness of its Registration Statement on Form S-3 on February 6, 2015 and has filed all required reports subsequent to that date.)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files).

American Assets Trust, Inc. Yes No
American Assets Trust, L.P. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

American Assets Trust, Inc.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer
 Non-Accelerated Filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company
 Emerging growth company

American Assets Trust, L.P.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer
 Non-Accelerated Filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company
 Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

American Assets Trust, Inc. Yes No
 American Assets Trust, L.P. Yes No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Name of Registrant</u>	<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
American Assets Trust, Inc.	Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	AAT	New York Stock Exchange
American Assets Trust, L.P.	None	None	None

American Assets Trust, Inc. had 61,152,542 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding as of August 1, 2025.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 of American Assets Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, and American Assets Trust, L.P., a Maryland limited partnership, of which American Assets Trust, Inc. is the parent company and sole general partner. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this report to “we,” “us,” “our” or “the company” refer to American Assets Trust, Inc. together with its consolidated subsidiaries, including American Assets Trust, L.P. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this report to “our Operating Partnership” or “the Operating Partnership” refer to American Assets Trust, L.P. together with its consolidated subsidiaries.

American Assets Trust, Inc. operates as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, and is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. As of June 30, 2025, American Assets Trust, Inc. owned an approximate 78.9% partnership interest in the Operating Partnership. The remaining approximately 21.1% partnership interests are owned by non-affiliated investors and certain of our directors and executive officers. As the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, American Assets Trust, Inc. has full, exclusive and complete authority and control over the Operating Partnership’s day-to-day management and business, can cause it to enter into certain major transactions, including acquisitions, dispositions and debt refinancings, and can cause changes in its line of business, capital structure and distribution policies.

American Assets Trust, Inc. believes that combining the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q of American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership into a single report will result in the following benefits:

- better reflects how management and the analyst community view the business as a single operating unit;
- enhance investors' understanding of American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership by enabling them to view the business as a whole and in the same manner as management;
- greater efficiency for American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership and resulting savings in time, effort and expense; and
- greater efficiency for investors by reducing duplicative disclosure by providing a single document for their review.

The management of American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership is the same and operates American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership as one enterprise.

There are certain differences between American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership, which are reflected in the disclosures in this report. We believe it is important to understand the differences between American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership in the context of how American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership operate as an interrelated consolidated company. American Assets Trust, Inc. is a REIT, whose only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of the Operating Partnership. As a result, American Assets Trust, Inc. does not conduct business itself, other than acting as the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, issuing public equity from time to time and guaranteeing certain debt of the Operating Partnership. American Assets Trust, Inc. itself does not hold any indebtedness. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all the assets of the company, directly or indirectly holds the ownership interests in the company's real estate ventures, conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly-traded equity. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by American Assets Trust, Inc., which are generally contributed to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units, the Operating Partnership generates the capital required by American Assets Trust, Inc.'s business through the Operating Partnership’s operations, by the Operating Partnership’s direct or indirect incurrence of indebtedness or through the issuance of operating partnership units.

Noncontrolling interests and stockholders’ equity and partners’ capital are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of American Assets Trust, Inc. and those of American Assets Trust, L.P. The partnership interests in the Operating Partnership that are not owned by American Assets Trust, Inc. are accounted for as partners’ capital in the Operating Partnership’s financial statements and as noncontrolling interests in American Assets Trust, Inc.’s financial statements. To help investors understand the significant differences between American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership, this report presents the following separate sections for each of American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership:

- consolidated financial statements;
 - the following notes to the consolidated financial statements:
 - Debt;
 - Equity/Partners' Capital; and
 - Earnings Per Share/Unit; and
-

- Liquidity and Capital Resources in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This report also includes separate Item 4. Controls and Procedures sections and separate Exhibit 31 and 32 certifications for each of American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership in order to establish that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of American Assets Trust, Inc. have made the requisite certifications and American Assets Trust, Inc. and the Operating Partnership are compliant with Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. §1350.

AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, INC. AND AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, L.P.**QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2025****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

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PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

American Assets Trust, Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

	June 30, 2025 (unaudited)	December 31, 2024
ASSETS		
Real estate, at cost		
Operating real estate	\$ 3,656,674	\$ 3,449,009
Construction in progress	68,067	176,868
Held for development	487	487
	<u>3,725,228</u>	<u>3,626,364</u>
Accumulated depreciation	(1,090,834)	(1,038,878)
Real estate, net	2,634,394	2,587,486
Cash and cash equivalents	143,736	425,659
Accounts receivable, net	6,491	6,905
Deferred rent receivables, net	86,357	88,059
Other assets, net	84,698	87,737
Real estate assets held for sale	—	77,519
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,955,676</u>	<u>\$ 3,273,365</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Secured notes payable, net	\$ 74,804	\$ 74,759
Unsecured notes payable, net	1,611,829	1,935,756
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	66,606	63,693
Security deposits payable	9,206	8,896
Other liabilities and deferred credits, net	59,386	62,588
Liabilities related to real estate assets held for sale	—	3,352
Total liabilities	<u>1,821,831</u>	<u>2,149,044</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
EQUITY:		
American Assets Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 490,000,000 shares authorized, 61,152,542 and 61,138,238 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	612	611
Additional paid-in capital	1,478,222	1,474,869
Accumulated dividends in excess of net income	(297,518)	(304,339)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,809	4,760
Total American Assets Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity	<u>1,184,125</u>	<u>1,175,901</u>
Noncontrolling interests	(50,280)	(51,580)
Total equity	<u>1,133,845</u>	<u>1,124,321</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>\$ 2,955,676</u>	<u>\$ 3,273,365</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Share Data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
REVENUE:				
Rental income	\$ 101,070	\$ 105,094	\$ 204,021	\$ 210,115
Other property income	6,863	5,796	12,519	11,470
Total revenue	107,933	110,890	216,540	221,585
EXPENSES:				
Rental expenses	29,678	29,505	59,978	59,346
Real estate taxes	10,645	10,843	21,650	22,089
General and administrative	8,850	8,737	18,162	17,579
Depreciation and amortization	32,782	31,011	63,276	61,228
Total operating expenses	81,955	80,096	163,066	160,242
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	44,476	—
OPERATING INCOME	25,978	30,794	97,950	61,343
Interest expense, net	(19,784)	(16,289)	(38,564)	(32,544)
Other income, net	927	789	1,842	11,118
NET INCOME	7,121	15,294	61,228	39,917
Net income attributable to restricted shares	(206)	(195)	(409)	(391)
Net income attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	(1,459)	(3,195)	(12,828)	(8,362)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, INC. STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 5,456	\$ 11,904	\$ 47,991	\$ 31,164
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE				
Earnings per common share, basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.52
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic	60,540,125	60,312,878	60,538,720	60,311,399
Earnings per common share, diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.52
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - diluted	76,721,662	76,494,415	76,720,257	76,492,936
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.340	\$ 0.335	\$ 0.680	\$ 0.670
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Net income	\$ 7,121	\$ 15,294	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917
Other comprehensive income - unrealized (loss) income on swap derivatives during the period	(768)	(850)	(1,960)	542
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	(258)	(99)	(516)	(197)
Comprehensive income	6,095	14,345	58,752	40,262
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1,241)	(2,993)	(12,303)	(8,432)
Comprehensive income attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc.	\$ 4,854	\$ 11,352	\$ 46,449	\$ 31,830

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, Inc.
Consolidated Statement of Equity
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

American Assets Trust, Inc. Stockholders' Equity							
	Common Shares		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Dividends in Excess of Net Income	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Noncontrolling Interests - Unitholders in the Operating Partnership	Total
	Shares	Amount					
Balance at December 31, 2024	61,138,238	\$ 611	\$ 1,474,869	\$ (304,339)	\$ 4,760	\$ (51,580)	\$ 1,124,321
Net income	—	—	—	42,738	—	11,369	54,107
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(3,508)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared and paid	—	—	—	(20,786)	—	(5,502)	(26,288)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	1,670	—	—	—	1,670
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	(939)	(253)	(1,192)
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(204)	(54)	(258)
Balance at March 31, 2025	61,134,730	\$ 611	\$ 1,476,539	\$ (282,387)	\$ 3,617	\$ (46,020)	\$ 1,152,360
Net income	—	—	—	5,662	—	1,459	7,121
Issuance of restricted stock	17,812	1	—	—	—	—	1
Dividends declared and paid	—	—	—	(20,793)	—	(5,501)	(26,294)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	1,683	—	—	—	1,683
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	(605)	(163)	(768)
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(203)	(55)	(258)
Balance at June 30, 2025	61,152,542	\$ 612	\$ 1,478,222	\$ (297,518)	\$ 2,809	\$ (50,280)	\$ 1,133,845

American Assets Trust, Inc. Stockholders' Equity							
	Common Shares		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Dividends in Excess of Net Income	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Noncontrolling Interests - Unitholders in the Operating Partnership	Total
	Shares	Amount					
Balance at December 31, 2023	60,895,786	\$ 609	\$ 1,469,206	\$ (280,239)	\$ 8,282	\$ (44,183)	\$ 1,153,675
Net income	—	—	—	19,456	—	5,167	24,623
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(1,295)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared and paid	—	—	—	(20,400)	—	(5,421)	(25,821)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	1,617	—	—	—	1,617
Other comprehensive income - change in value of interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	1,100	292	1,392
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(78)	(20)	(98)
Balance at March 31, 2024	60,894,491	\$ 609	\$ 1,470,823	\$ (281,183)	\$ 9,304	\$ (44,165)	\$ 1,155,388
Net income	—	—	—	12,099	—	3,195	15,294
Issuance of restricted stock	9,180	—	—	—	—	—	—
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(2,088)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared and paid	—	—	—	(20,402)	—	(5,421)	(25,823)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	1,746	—	—	—	1,746
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swaps	—	—	—	—	(669)	(181)	(850)
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(78)	(21)	(99)
Balance at June 30, 2024	60,901,583	\$ 609	\$ 1,472,569	\$ (289,486)	\$ 8,557	\$ (46,593)	\$ 1,145,656

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred rent revenue and amortization of lease intangibles	(363)	(3,997)
Depreciation and amortization	63,276	61,228
Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts	1,442	1,670
Provision for uncollectible rental income	183	490
Gain on sale of real estate	(44,476)	—
Stock-based compensation expense	3,353	3,363
Lease termination income	814	11,065
Other noncash interest expense, net	(515)	(197)
Other, net	(179)	131
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Change in accounts receivable	1,160	(302)
Change in other assets	(1,570)	(1,768)
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,316	2,444
Change in security deposits payable	74	71
Change in other liabilities and deferred credits	297	(55)
Net cash provided by operating activities	86,040	114,060
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of real estate	(67,879)	—
Capital expenditures	(37,259)	(26,616)
Proceeds from sale of real estate, net of selling costs	117,784	—
Leasing commissions	(3,027)	(3,808)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,619	(30,424)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of unsecured term loan	(225,000)	—
Repayment of unsecured notes payable	(100,000)	—
Dividends paid to common stock and unitholders	(52,582)	(51,644)
Net cash used in financing activities	(377,582)	(51,644)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(281,923)	31,992
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	425,659	82,888
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 143,736	\$ 114,880

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, L.P.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In Thousands, Except Unit Data)

	June 30, 2025 (unaudited)	December 31, 2024
ASSETS		
Real estate, at cost		
Operating real estate	\$ 3,656,674	\$ 3,449,009
Construction in progress	68,067	176,868
Held for development	487	487
	3,725,228	3,626,364
Accumulated depreciation	(1,090,834)	(1,038,878)
Real estate, net	2,634,394	2,587,486
Cash and cash equivalents	143,736	425,659
Accounts receivable, net	6,491	6,905
Deferred rent receivables, net	86,357	88,059
Other assets, net	84,698	87,737
Real estate assets held for sale	—	77,519
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,955,676	\$ 3,273,365
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		
LIABILITIES:		
Secured notes payable, net	\$ 74,804	\$ 74,759
Unsecured notes payable, net	1,611,829	1,935,756
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	66,606	63,693
Security deposits payable	9,206	8,896
Other liabilities and deferred credits, net	59,386	62,588
Liabilities related to real estate assets held for sale	—	3,352
Total liabilities	1,821,831	2,149,044
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
CAPITAL:		
Limited partners' capital, 16,181,537 and 16,181,537 units issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	(51,560)	(53,385)
General partner's capital, 61,152,542 and 61,138,238 units issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	1,181,316	1,171,141
Accumulated other comprehensive income	4,089	6,565
Total capital	1,133,845	1,124,321
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	\$ 2,955,676	\$ 3,273,365

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, L.P.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Shares and Per Unit Data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
REVENUE:				
Rental income	\$ 101,070	\$ 105,094	\$ 204,021	\$ 210,115
Other property income	6,863	5,796	12,519	11,470
Total revenue	107,933	110,890	216,540	221,585
EXPENSES:				
Rental expenses	29,678	29,505	59,978	59,346
Real estate taxes	10,645	10,843	21,650	22,089
General and administrative	8,850	8,737	18,162	17,579
Depreciation and amortization	32,782	31,011	63,276	61,228
Total operating expenses	81,955	80,096	163,066	160,242
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	44,476	—
OPERATING INCOME	25,978	30,794	97,950	61,343
Interest expense, net	(19,784)	(16,289)	(38,564)	(32,544)
Other income, net	927	789	1,842	11,118
NET INCOME	7,121	15,294	61,228	39,917
Net income attributable to restricted shares	(206)	(195)	(409)	(391)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, L.P.	<u>\$ 6,915</u>	<u>\$ 15,099</u>	<u>\$ 60,819</u>	<u>\$ 39,526</u>
EARNINGS PER UNIT - BASIC				
Earnings per unit, basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.52
Weighted average units outstanding - basic	<u>76,721,662</u>	<u>76,494,415</u>	<u>76,720,257</u>	<u>76,492,936</u>
EARNINGS PER UNIT - DILUTED				
Earnings per unit, diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.52
Weighted average units outstanding - diluted	<u>76,721,662</u>	<u>76,494,415</u>	<u>76,720,257</u>	<u>76,492,936</u>
DISTRIBUTIONS PER UNIT	<u>\$ 0.340</u>	<u>\$ 0.335</u>	<u>\$ 0.680</u>	<u>\$ 0.670</u>
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Net income	\$ 7,121	\$ 15,294	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917
Other comprehensive income - unrealized (loss) income on swap derivatives during the period	(768)	(850)	(1,960)	542
Reclassification of amortization of forward-starting swap included in interest expense	(258)	(99)	(516)	(197)
Comprehensive income	6,095	14,345	58,752	40,262
Comprehensive income attributable to Limited Partners	(1,241)	(2,993)	(12,303)	(8,432)
Comprehensive income attributable to General Partner	<u>\$ 4,854</u>	<u>\$ 11,352</u>	<u>\$ 46,449</u>	<u>\$ 31,830</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, L.P.
Consolidated Statement of Partners' Capital
(Unaudited)
(In Thousands, Except Unit Data)

	Limited Partners' Capital ⁽¹⁾		General Partner's Capital ⁽²⁾		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Capital
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount		
Balance at December 31, 2024	16,181,537	\$ (53,385)	61,138,238	\$ 1,171,141	\$ 6,565	\$ 1,124,321
Net income	—	11,369	—	42,738	—	54,107
Forfeiture of restricted units	—	—	(3,508)	—	—	—
Distributions	—	(5,502)	—	(20,786)	—	(26,288)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	1,670	—	1,670
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swap	—	—	—	—	(1,192)	(1,192)
Reclassification of amortization of forward starting swaps included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(258)	(258)
Balance at March 31, 2025	16,181,537	\$ (47,518)	61,134,730	\$ 1,194,763	\$ 5,115	\$ 1,152,360
Net income	—	1,459	—	5,662	—	7,121
Issuance of restricted units	—	—	17,812	1	—	1
Forfeiture of restricted units	—	—	—	—	—	—
Distributions	—	(5,501)	—	(20,793)	—	(26,294)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	1,683	—	1,683
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swap	—	—	—	—	(768)	(768)
Reclassification of amortization of forward starting swaps included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(258)	(258)
Balance at June 30, 2025	16,181,537	\$ (51,560)	61,152,542	\$ 1,181,316	\$ 4,089	\$ 1,133,845

	Limited Partners' Capital ⁽¹⁾		General Partner's Capital ⁽²⁾		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Capital
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount		
Balance at December 31, 2023	16,181,537	\$ (46,936)	60,895,786	\$ 1,189,576	\$ 11,035	\$ 1,153,675
Net income	—	5,167	—	19,456	—	24,623
Forfeiture of restricted units	—	—	(1,295)	—	—	—
Distributions	—	(5,421)	—	(20,400)	—	(25,821)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	1,617	—	1,617
Other comprehensive income - change in value of interest rate swap	—	—	—	—	1,392	1,392
Reclassification of amortization of forward starting swaps included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(98)	(98)
Balance at March 31, 2024	16,181,537	\$ (47,190)	60,894,491	\$ 1,190,249	\$ 12,329	\$ 1,155,388
Net income	—	3,195	—	12,099	—	15,294
Issuance of restricted units	—	—	9,180	—	—	—
Forfeiture of restricted units	—	—	(2,088)	—	—	—
Distributions	—	(5,421)	—	(20,402)	—	(25,823)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	1,746	—	1,746
Other comprehensive loss - change in value of interest rate swap	—	—	—	—	(850)	(850)
Reclassification of amortization of forward starting swaps included in interest expense	—	—	—	—	(99)	(99)
Balance at June 30, 2024	16,181,537	\$ (49,416)	60,901,583	\$ 1,183,692	\$ 11,380	\$ 1,145,656

(1) Consists of limited partnership interests held by third parties.

(2) Consists of general partnership interests held by American Assets Trust, Inc.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

American Assets Trust, L.P.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited, In Thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred rent revenue and amortization of lease intangibles	(363)	(3,997)
Depreciation and amortization	63,276	61,228
Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts	1,442	1,670
Provision for uncollectible rental income	183	490
Gain on sale of real estate	(44,476)	—
Stock-based compensation expense	3,353	3,363
Lease termination income	814	11,065
Other noncash interest expense, net	(515)	(197)
Other, net	(179)	131
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Change in accounts receivable	1,160	(302)
Change in other assets	(1,570)	(1,768)
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,316	2,444
Change in security deposits payable	74	71
Change in other liabilities and deferred credits	297	(55)
Net cash provided by operating activities	86,040	114,060
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of real estate	(67,879)	—
Capital expenditures	(37,259)	(26,616)
Proceeds from sale of real estate, net of selling costs	117,784	—
Leasing commissions	(3,027)	(3,808)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,619	(30,424)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of unsecured term loan	(225,000)	—
Repayment of unsecured notes payable	(100,000)	—
Distributions	(52,582)	(51,644)
Net cash used in financing activities	(377,582)	(51,644)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(281,923)	31,992
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	425,659	82,888
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 143,736	\$ 114,880

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES***Business and Organization***

American Assets Trust, Inc. (which may be referred to in these financial statements as the “company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”) is a Maryland corporation formed on July 16, 2010 that did not have any operating activity until the consummation of our initial public offering on January 19, 2011. The company is the sole general partner of American Assets Trust, L.P., a Maryland limited partnership formed on July 16, 2010 (the “Operating Partnership”). The company’s operations are carried on through our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, including our taxable real estate investment trust (“REIT”) subsidiary (“TRS”). Since the formation of our Operating Partnership, the company has controlled our Operating Partnership as its general partner and has consolidated its assets, liabilities and results of operations.

We are a full service, vertically integrated, and self-administered REIT with approximately 236 employees providing substantial in-house expertise in asset management, property management, property development, leasing, tenant improvement construction, acquisitions, repositioning, redevelopment and financing.

As of June 30, 2025, we owned or had a controlling interest in 31 office, retail, multifamily and mixed-use operating properties, the operations of which we consolidate. Additionally, as of June 30, 2025, we owned land at two of our properties that we classify as held for development and/or construction in progress. A summary of the properties owned by us is as follows:

Office

La Jolla Commons	One Beach Street	14Acre (formerly known as Eastgate Office Park)
Torrey Reserve Campus	First & Main	
Torrey Point	Lloyd Portfolio	Timber Ridge (formerly known as Corporate Campus East III)
Solana Crossing	City Center Bellevue	Timber Springs (formerly known as Bel-Spring 520)
The Landmark at One Market		

Retail

Carmel Country Plaza	Gateway Marketplace	Hassalo on Eighth - Retail
Carmel Mountain Plaza	Geary Marketplace	
South Bay Marketplace	The Shops at Kalakaua	
Lomas Santa Fe Plaza	Waialele Center	
Solana Beach Towne Centre	Alamo Quarry Market	

Multifamily

Loma Palisades	Hassalo on Eighth - Multifamily
Imperial Beach Gardens	Genesee Park
Mariner's Point	
Santa Fe Park RV Resort	
Pacific Ridge Apartments	

Mixed-Use

Waikiki Beach Walk Retail and Embassy Suites™ Hotel

Held for Development and/or Construction in Progress

Solana Crossing – Land
Lloyd Portfolio – Construction in Progress

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)****June 30, 2025****(Unaudited)*****Basis of Presentation***

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the company, our Operating Partnership and our subsidiaries. The equity interests of other investors in our Operating Partnership are reflected as noncontrolling interests.

The company follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) guidance for determining whether an entity is a variable interest entity (“VIE”), which requires the performance of a qualitative rather than a quantitative analysis to determine the primary beneficiary of a VIE. Under this guidance, an entity would be required to consolidate a VIE if it has (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity’s economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could be significant to the VIE. American Assets Trust, Inc. has concluded that the Operating Partnership is a VIE, and because American Assets Trust, Inc. has both the power and the rights to control the Operating Partnership, American Assets Trust, Inc. is the primary beneficiary and is required to continue to consolidate the Operating Partnership. Substantially all of the assets and liabilities of the company are related to the Operating Partnership VIE.

All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the company and the Operating Partnership have been prepared in accordance with the rules applicable to Form 10-Q and include all information and footnotes required for interim financial statement presentation, but do not include all disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments, except as otherwise noted) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes therein included in the company’s and Operating Partnership’s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that in certain circumstances affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses. These estimates are prepared using our best judgment, after considering past, current and expected events and economic conditions. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Any reference to the number of properties, number of units, square footage, employee numbers or percentages of beneficial ownership of our shares are unaudited and outside the scope of our independent registered public accounting firm’s review of our financial statements in accordance with the standards of the United States Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—Supplemental Disclosures

The following table provides supplemental disclosures related to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Supplemental cash flow information		
Total interest costs incurred	\$ 39,994	\$ 36,706
Interest capitalized	\$ 1,430	\$ 4,162
Interest expense, net	\$ 38,564	\$ 32,544
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 40,652	\$ 31,381
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 511	\$ 763
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for construction in progress	\$ 12,469	\$ 21,954
Accrued leasing commissions	\$ 4,057	\$ 2,342

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

Significant Accounting Policies

We describe our significant accounting policies in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. There have been no changes to our significant accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Segment Information

Segment information is prepared on the same basis that our management reviews information for operational decision-making purposes. We operate in four reportable business segments: the acquisition, redevelopment, ownership and management of retail real estate, office real estate, multifamily real estate and mixed-use real estate. The products for our retail segment primarily include rental of retail space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental. The products for our office segment primarily include rental of office space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental. The products for our multifamily segment include rental of apartments and other tenant services. The products of our mixed-use segment include rental of retail space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental and operation of a 369-room all-suite hotel.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Our leases with tenants are classified as operating leases. Substantially all such leases contain fixed rent escalations which occur at specified times during the term of the lease. Base rents are recognized on a straight-line basis from when the tenant controls the space through the term of the related lease, net of valuation adjustments, based on management's assessment of credit, collection and other business risks.

Hotel revenue recognized at Waikiki Beach Walk Embassy Suites™ Hotel is in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 606, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers,” and is included within rental income on the statement of comprehensive income.

We make estimates of the collectability of our current accounts receivable and straight-line rents receivable which require significant judgment by management. The collectability of receivables is affected by numerous different factors including current economic conditions, the impact of tenant bankruptcies, the status of collectability of current cash rents receivable, tenants' recent and historical financial and operating results, changes in our tenants' credit ratings, communications between our operating personnel and tenants, the extent of security deposits and letters of credit held with respect to tenants, and the ability of tenants to perform under the terms of their lease agreement. The provision for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was approximately \$1.2 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

Other revenue recognition policies

When we enter into a transaction to sell a property or a portion of a property, we evaluate the recognition of the sale under ASC 610-20, “Other Income - Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets,” to determine whether and when control transfers and how to measure the associated gain or loss. We determine the transaction price based on the consideration we expect to receive. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of a gain recognized will not occur. We analyze the risk of a significant gain reversal and if necessary limit the amount of variable consideration recognized in order to mitigate this risk. The estimation of variable consideration requires us to make assumptions and apply significant judgment.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2023-07, *Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, that requires the quarterly disclosure of segment expenses if they are (i) significant to the segment, (ii) regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”), and (iii) included in each reported measure of a segment's profit or loss. In addition, this ASU requires an annual disclosure of the CODM's title and a description of how the CODM uses the segment's profit/loss measure to assess segment performance and to allocate resources. We retrospectively adopted ASU 2023-07 during the year ended December 31, 2024. While the adoption has no impact on our financial statements, it has resulted in incremental disclosures within the footnotes to our consolidated financial statements (see Note 17 Segment Reporting).

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This pronouncement requires enhanced income tax disclosures, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. This pronouncement is effective for annual periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and should be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. We are currently evaluating the impact this pronouncement will have on our disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures*. This pronouncement requires public entities to disclose additional information about specific expense categories in the notes to the financial statements on an interim and annual basis. ASU 2024-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027, and should be applied either prospectively or retrospectively, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2024-03.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2. REAL ESTATE*Acquisitions*

On February 28, 2025, we acquired Genesee Park in San Diego, California, consisting of a 192-unit apartment community. The purchase price was \$67.9 million, excluding closing costs of approximately \$0.1 million.

The property was acquired with cash on hand, primarily from the proceeds received on the sale of Del Monte Center on February 25, 2025.

The financial information set forth below summarizes the company's purchase price allocation for Genesee Park during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (in thousands):

	Genesee Park	
Land	\$	27,125
Building		38,101
Land improvements		1,156
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		274
Total real estate		66,656
Lease intangibles		1,373
Prepaid expenses and other assets		114
Assets acquired	\$	68,143
Security deposits payable		(236)
Other liabilities and deferred credits		(28)
Liabilities assumed	\$	(264)

The following table summarizes the operating results for Genesee Park included in the company's historical consolidated statement of operations for the period of acquisition through June 30, 2025 (in thousands):

	Genesee Park	
Revenues	\$	1,481
Operating expenses		2,239
Operating income		(758)
Other income, net		2
Net income attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc.	\$	(756)

Dispositions

On February 25, 2025, we sold Del Monte Center, which is located in Monterey, California and was previously included in our retail segment. The sale price of this property was \$123.5 million, less closing costs and prorations, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$117.8 million. Accordingly, we recorded a gain on sale of approximately \$44.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3. ACQUIRED IN-PLACE LEASES AND ABOVE/BELOW MARKET LEASES

The following summarizes our acquired lease intangibles and leasing costs, which are included in other assets and other liabilities and deferred credits, as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
In-place leases	\$ 50,885	\$ 49,813
Accumulated amortization	(38,467)	(35,798)
Above market leases	432	432
Accumulated amortization	(422)	(403)
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	<u>\$ 12,428</u>	<u>\$ 14,044</u>
Below market leases	\$ 41,911	\$ 42,420
Accumulated accretion	(30,095)	(29,344)
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	<u>\$ 11,816</u>	<u>\$ 13,076</u>

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A fair value measurement is based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value is as follows:

1. Level 1 Inputs—quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
2. Level 2 Inputs—observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
3. Level 3 Inputs—unobservable inputs

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are reasonable estimates of fair value, using Level 1 inputs, because of the short-term nature of these instruments. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

We measure the fair value of our deferred compensation liability, which is included in other liabilities and deferred credits on the consolidated balance sheet, on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs. We measure the fair value of this liability based on prices provided by independent market participants that are based on observable inputs using market-based valuation techniques.

The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements are based on the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the reporting date and are determined using interest rate pricing models and interest rate related observable inputs. The changes in the fair value of the derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges are being recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and will be subsequently reclassified into earnings during the period in which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings.

We incorporate credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both our own non-performance risk and the respective counterparty's non-performance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of our derivative contracts for the effect of non-performance risk, we considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with our derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and its counterparties. However, as of June 30, 2025 we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of our derivative position and have determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of our derivative. As a result, we have determined that our derivative valuation in its entirety is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

A summary of our financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, by level within the fair value hierarchy is as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025				December 31, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Deferred compensation liability	\$ —	\$ 3,090	\$ —	\$ 3,090	\$ —	\$ 2,968	\$ —	\$ 2,968
Interest rate swap asset	\$ —	\$ 3,256	\$ —	\$ 3,256	\$ —	\$ 5,215	\$ —	\$ 5,215

The fair value of our secured notes payable and unsecured senior guaranteed notes are sensitive to fluctuations in interest rates. Discounted cash flow analysis using observable market interest rates (Level 2) is generally used to estimate the fair value of our secured notes payable, using rates ranging from 6.7% to 7.0%.

Considerable judgment is necessary to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. The estimates of fair value presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized upon disposition of the financial instruments. The carrying values of our term loans set forth below are deemed to be at fair value since the outstanding debt is directly tied to the monthly Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”). A summary of the carrying amount and fair value of our secured financial instruments, all of which are based on Level 2 inputs, is as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Secured notes payable, net	\$ 74,804	\$ 73,140	\$ 74,759	\$ 74,231
Unsecured term loans, net	\$ 99,804	\$ 100,000	\$ 324,739	\$ 325,000
Unsecured senior guaranteed notes, net	\$ 499,311	\$ 478,774	\$ 599,172	\$ 571,543
Senior notes, net	\$ 1,012,714	\$ 972,155	\$ 1,011,845	\$ 959,234

NOTE 5. DERIVATIVE AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Our objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage our exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish these objectives, we primarily use interest rate swaps as part of our interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for us making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

The following is a summary of the terms of our outstanding interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2025 (dollars in thousands):

Swap Counterparty	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Fair Value
Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 50,000	1/14/2022	1/5/2027	\$ 1,627
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	\$ 50,000	1/14/2022	1/5/2027	\$ 1,629

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges are being recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and will be subsequently reclassified into earnings during the period in which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings for as long as hedged cash flows remain probable. During the next twelve months, we estimate the cash flow hedges in place will reduce interest expense by approximately \$1.0 million.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of the derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivative, including the period to maturity, and counterparty credit risk and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves, and implied volatilities. The fair value of the interest rate swap is determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts (or payments) and the discounted expected variable cash payments (or receipts). The variable cash payments (or receipts) are based on an expectation of future interest rates (forward curves) derived from observable market interest rate curves.

NOTE 6. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Leasing commissions, net of accumulated amortization of \$53,072 and \$51,068, respectively	\$ 35,389	\$ 34,862
Interest rate swap asset	3,256	5,215
Acquired above market leases, net	10	29
Acquired in-place leases, net	12,418	14,015
Lease incentives, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,257 and \$1,171, respectively	2,368	1,760
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,225 and \$2,062, respectively	1,662	1,560
Debt issuance costs on line of credit, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,267 and \$1,943, respectively	324	648
Right-of-use lease asset, net	17,701	18,993
Prepaid expenses and other	11,570	10,655
Total other assets	<u>\$ 84,698</u>	<u>\$ 87,737</u>

NOTE 7. OTHER LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED CREDITS

Other liabilities and deferred credits consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Acquired below market leases, net	\$ 11,816	\$ 13,076
Prepaid rent and deferred revenue	17,751	17,408
Deferred compensation	3,090	2,968
Deferred tax liability	781	781
Straight-line rent liability	6,670	7,692
Lease liability	19,267	20,638
Other liabilities	11	25
Total other liabilities and deferred credits, net	<u>\$ 59,386</u>	<u>\$ 62,588</u>

Straight-line rent liability relates to leases which have rental payments that decrease over time or one-time upfront payments for which the rental revenue is deferred and recognized on a straight-line basis.

NOTE 8. DEBT***Debt of American Assets Trust, Inc.***

American Assets Trust, Inc. does not hold any indebtedness. All debt is held directly or indirectly by the Operating Partnership; however, American Assets Trust, Inc. has guaranteed the Operating Partnership's obligations under the (i) 3.375% and 6.150% senior notes, (ii) senior guaranteed notes, (iii) third amended and restated credit facility, and (iv) amended and restated term loan agreement, each discussed below.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)
Debt of American Assets Trust, L.P.
Secured notes payable

The following table is a summary of our total secured notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in thousands):

Description of Debt	Principal Balance as of		Stated Interest Rate as of June 30, 2025	Stated Maturity Date
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
City Center Bellevue ⁽¹⁾	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	5.08 %	October 1, 2027
	75,000	75,000		
Debt issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$678 and \$632, respectively	(196)	(241)		
Total Secured Notes Payable Outstanding	\$ 74,804	\$ 74,759		

(1) Interest only.

The Operating Partnership has provided a carve-out guarantee on the mortgage at City Center Bellevue. Certain loans require the Operating Partnership to comply with various financial covenants. As of June 30, 2025, the Operating Partnership was in compliance with these financial covenants.

Unsecured notes payable

The following table is a summary of the Operating Partnership's total unsecured notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in thousands):

Description of Debt	Principal Balance as of		Stated Interest Rate as of June 30, 2025	Stated Maturity Date
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
Term Loan A	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	Variable ⁽¹⁾	January 5, 2027
Term Loan B	—	150,000	Variable ⁽³⁾	January 5, 2025 ⁽²⁾
Term Loan C	—	75,000	Variable ⁽³⁾	January 5, 2025 ⁽²⁾
Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series C	—	100,000	4.50 %	April 1, 2025 ⁽⁴⁾
Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series D	250,000	250,000	4.29 % ⁽⁵⁾	March 1, 2027
Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series E	100,000	100,000	4.24 % ⁽⁶⁾	May 23, 2029
Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series G	150,000	150,000	3.91 % ⁽⁷⁾	July 30, 2030
3.375% Senior Notes	500,000	500,000	3.38 %	February 1, 2031
6.150% Senior Notes	525,000	525,000	6.15 % ⁽⁸⁾	October 1, 2034
	1,625,000	1,950,000		
Debt discount and issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$7,640 and \$9,890, respectively	(13,171)	(14,244)		
Total Unsecured Notes Payable	\$ 1,611,829	\$ 1,935,756		

- (1) The Operating Partnership entered into two interest rate swap agreements that are intended to fix the interest rate associated with Term Loan A at approximately 2.70% through its maturity date, subject to adjustments based on our consolidated leverage ratio.
- (2) On January 2, 2025, we repaid the entirety of Term Loan B and Term Loan C.
- (3) The Operating Partnership entered into interest rate swap agreements that are intended to fix the effective interest rate associated with Term Loan B and Term Loan C, subject to adjustments based on our consolidated leverage ratio, at 5.47% from January 5, 2023 to January 4, 2024 and at 5.57% from January 5, 2024 to January 4, 2025.
- (4) The Senior C Notes were prepaid in full on February 3, 2025, without penalty or premium.
- (5) The Operating Partnership entered into forward-starting interest rate swap contracts on March 29, 2016 and April 7, 2016, which were settled on January 18, 2017 at a gain of approximately \$10.4 million. The forward-starting interest rate swap contracts were deemed to be highly effective cash flow hedges, accordingly, the effective interest rate is approximately 3.87% per annum.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)****June 30, 2025****(Unaudited)**

- (6) The Operating Partnership entered into a treasury lock contract on April 25, 2017, which was settled on May 11, 2017 at a gain of approximately \$0.7 million. The treasury lock contract was deemed to be a highly effective cash flow hedge, accordingly, the effective interest rate is approximately 4.18% per annum.
- (7) The Operating Partnership entered into a treasury lock contract on June 20, 2019, which was settled on July 17, 2019 at a gain of approximately \$0.5 million. The treasury lock contract was deemed to be a highly effective cash flow hedge, accordingly, the effective interest rate is approximately 3.88% per annum.
- (8) The Operating Partnership entered into a treasury lock contracts on September 9, 2024 for \$150 million and September 10, 2024 for an additional \$150 million, which were both settled on September 10, 2024 at a combined loss of approximately \$1.3 million. The treasury lock contracts were deemed to be a highly effective cash flow hedges, accordingly, the effective interest rate is approximately 6.209% per annum.

Senior Notes

On January 26, 2021, the Operating Partnership issued \$500 million of senior unsecured notes (the “3.375% Senior Notes”) that mature February 1, 2031 and bear interest at 3.375% per annum. The 3.375% Senior Notes were priced at 98.935% of the principal amount with a yield to maturity of 3.502%. The net proceeds of the 3.375% Senior Notes, after the issuance discount, underwriting fees, and other costs were approximately \$489.7 million, which were primarily used to (i) prepay our \$150 million Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series A, with a make-whole payment (as defined in the Note Purchase Agreement for the Series A Notes) thereon of approximately \$3.9 million, on January 26, 2021, (ii) repay our \$100 million then outstanding balance under our then-existing revolver loan on January 26, 2021, (iii) fund the development of the La Jolla Commons III office building and (iv) for general corporate purposes.

On September 17, 2024, the Operating Partnership issued \$525 million of senior unsecured notes (the “6.150% Senior Notes”) that mature October 1, 2034, and bear interest at 6.150% per annum. The 6.150% Senior Notes were priced at 99.671% of the principal amount with a yield to maturity of 6.194%. The net proceeds of the 6.150% Senior Notes, after the issuance discount, underwriting fees, and other costs, were approximately \$518.2 million. To date, the net proceeds were used to repay the \$100 million then outstanding balance under our Revolver Loan on September 19, 2024, our Series B Notes in the amount of \$100 million on December 2, 2024, and our Series C Notes in the amount of \$100 million on February 3, 2025. The remaining net proceeds are intended to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Prior to the issuance of the 6.150% Senior Notes, the Operating Partnership entered into treasury lock contracts on September 9, 2024 for \$150 million and September 10, 2024 for an additional \$150 million, which were both settled on September 10, 2024 at a combined loss of approximately \$1.3 million. As a result of the loss on these treasury lock contracts and the debt discount, the effective rate on our 6.150% Senior Notes is 6.209% per annum. The treasury lock contracts have been deemed to be highly effective cash flow hedges and have been designated as accounting hedges. Any gains or losses incurred upon the settlement of these treasury lock contracts are included in accumulated other comprehensive income and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the 6.150% Senior Notes.

The 3.375% Senior Notes and the 6.150% Senior Notes include a number of customary financial covenants, including:

- A maximum aggregate debt ratio of 60%,
- A minimum debt service ratio of 1.5x,
- A maximum secured debt ratio of 40%,
- A minimum maintenance of total unencumbered assets of 150%.

As of June 30, 2025, the Operating Partnership was in compliance with all then in-place 3.375% Senior Notes and 6.15% Senior Notes covenants.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)****June 30, 2025****(Unaudited)*****Senior Guaranteed Notes***

On October 31, 2014, the Operating Partnership entered into a note purchase agreement (the “Note Purchase Agreement”) with a group of institutional purchasers that provided for the private placement of an aggregate of \$350 million of senior guaranteed notes, of which (i) \$150 million are designated as 4.04% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series A, due October 31, 2021 (the “Series A Notes”), (ii) \$100 million are designated as 4.45% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series B, due February 2, 2025 (the “Series B Notes”) and (iii) \$100 million are designated as 4.50% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series C, due April 1, 2025 (the “Series C Notes”). The Series A Notes were issued on October 31, 2014, the Series B Notes were issued on February 2, 2015 and the Series C Notes were issued on April 2, 2015. The Series A Notes, the Series B Notes and the Series C Notes will pay interest quarterly on the last day of January, April, July and October until their respective maturities. On January 26, 2021, we repaid the entirety of the \$150.0 million Series A Notes with a make-whole payment (as defined in the Note Purchase Agreement) of approximately \$3.9 million. On December 2, 2024, we repaid the entirety of the \$100 million Series B Notes. On February 3, 2025, we repaid the entirety of the \$100 million Series C Notes.

On March 1, 2017, the Operating Partnership entered into a Note Purchase Agreement for the private placement of \$250 million of 4.29% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series D, due March 1, 2027 (the “Series D Notes”). The Series D Notes were issued on March 1, 2017 and pay interest quarterly on the last day of January, April, July and October until their respective maturities.

On May 23, 2017, the Operating Partnership entered into a Note Purchase Agreement for the private placement of \$100 million of 4.24% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series E, due May 23, 2029 (the “Series E Notes”). The Series E Notes were issued on May 23, 2017 and pay interest semi-annually on the 23rd of May and November until their respective maturities.

On July 19, 2017, the Operating Partnership entered into a Note Purchase Agreement for the private placement of \$100 million of 3.78% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series F, due July 19, 2024 (the “Series F Notes”). The Series F Notes were issued on July 19, 2017 and pay interest semi-annually on the 31st of January and July until their respective maturities. On July 18, 2024, we borrowed \$100 million on our Revolver Loan to repay the entirety of our \$100 million Series F Notes upon their maturity on July 19, 2024.

On July 30, 2019, the Operating Partnership entered into a Note Purchase Agreement for the private placement of \$150 million of 3.91% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series G, due July 30, 2030 (the “Series G Notes” and collectively with the Series D Notes and Series E Notes are referred to herein as, the “Notes”). The Series G Notes were issued on July 30, 2019 and pay interest semi-annually on the 30th of July and January until their maturity.

The Operating Partnership may prepay at any time all, or from time to time any part of, the Notes, in an amount not less than 5% of the aggregate principal amount of any series of the Notes then outstanding in the case of a partial prepayment, at 100% of the principal amount so prepaid plus a make-whole amount.

The Note Purchase Agreements contain a number of customary financial covenants, including, without limitation, tangible net worth thresholds, secured and unsecured leverage ratios and fixed charge coverage ratios. Subject to the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement and the Notes, upon certain events of default, including, but not limited to, (i) a default in the payment of any principal, Make-Whole Amount or interest under the Notes, and (ii) a default in the payment of certain other indebtedness by us or our subsidiaries, the principal, accrued and unpaid interest, and the make-whole amount on the outstanding Notes will become due and payable at the option of the purchasers.

The Operating Partnership's obligations under the Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Operating Partnership and certain of the Operating Partnership's subsidiaries.

Certain loans require the Operating Partnership to comply with various financial covenants, including the maintenance of minimum debt coverage ratios. As of June 30, 2025, the Operating Partnership was in compliance with all loan covenants.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility

On January 5, 2022, the Operating Partnership entered into the third amended and restated credit facility (the “Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility”), which amended and restated our then-existing credit facility. The Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility provides for aggregate, unsecured borrowings of up to \$500 million, consisting of a revolving line of credit of \$400 million (the “Revolver Loan”) and a term loan of \$100 million (“Term Loan A”). The Revolver Loan initially matures on January 5, 2026, subject to two, six-month extension options. Term Loan A matures on January 5, 2027, with no further extension options. As of June 30, 2025, the entirety of the principal amount of Term Loan A was outstanding, there were no amounts outstanding under the Revolver Loan, and the Operating Partnership had incurred approximately \$0.3 million of net debt issuance costs which are recorded in other assets, net on the consolidated balance sheet. For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the weighted average interest rate on the Revolver Loan was 5.53%.

Borrowings under the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement bear interest at floating rates equal to, at the Operating Partnership’s option, either (1) the applicable SOFR, plus the applicable SOFR Adjustment and a spread which ranges from (a) 1.05% to 1.50% (with respect to the Revolver Loan) and (b) 1.20% to 1.70% (with respect to Term Loan A), in each case based on our consolidated leverage ratio, or (2) a base rate equal to the highest of (a) the prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 50 bps, (c) the Term SOFR Screen Rate with a term of one month plus 100 bps and (d) 1.00%, plus a spread which ranges from (i) 0.10% to 0.50% (with respect to the Revolver Loan) and (ii) 0.20% to 0.70% (with respect to Term Loan A), in each case based on our consolidated leverage ratio. On January 14, 2022, the Operating Partnership entered into an interest rate swap agreement intended to fix the interest rate associated with the Term Loan A at approximately 2.70% through January 5, 2027, subject to adjustments based on our consolidated leverage ratio.

The Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility includes a number of customary financial covenants, including:

- A maximum leverage ratio (defined as total indebtedness net of certain cash and cash equivalents to total asset value) of 60%,
- A maximum secured leverage ratio (defined as total secured debt to secured total asset value) of 40%,
- A minimum fixed charge coverage ratio (defined as consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization to consolidated fixed charges) of 1.50x,
- A minimum unsecured interest coverage ratio of 1.75x,
- A maximum unsecured leverage ratio of 60%, and
- Recourse indebtedness at any time cannot exceed 15% of total asset value.

The Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility also provides that our annual distributions may not exceed the greater of (1) 95% of our funds from operations (“FFO”) or (2) the amount required for us to (a) qualify and maintain our REIT status and (b) avoid the payment of federal or state income or excise tax. If certain events of default exist or would result from a distribution, we may be precluded from making distributions other than those necessary to qualify and maintain our status as a REIT.

As of June 30, 2025, the Operating Partnership was in compliance with all then in-place Third Amended and Restated Credit Facility covenants.

Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement

On January 5, 2023, we entered into the amended and restated term loan agreement (the “Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement”), which amended and restated our then-existing term loan agreement. The Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement provides to the Operating Partnership a term loan of \$150 million (“Term Loan B”) and a term loan of \$75 million (“Term Loan C”), each maturing on January 5, 2025, with one, twelve-month extension option, subject to certain conditions. On January 2, 2025, we repaid the entirety of Term Loan B and Term Loan C.

NOTE 9. PARTNERS' CAPITAL OF AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, L.P.

Noncontrolling interests in our Operating Partnership are interests in the Operating Partnership that are not owned by us. Noncontrolling interests consisted of 16,181,537 common units (the “noncontrolling common units”), and represented approximately 21.1% of the ownership interests in our Operating Partnership at June 30, 2025. Common units and shares of our common stock have essentially the same economic characteristics in that common units and shares of our common stock share equally in the total net income or loss distributions of our Operating Partnership. Investors who own common units have the right to cause our Operating Partnership to redeem any or all of their common units for cash equal to the then-current market value of one share of our common stock, or, at our election, shares of our common stock on a one-for-one basis.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, no common units were converted into shares of our common stock.

Earnings Per Unit of the Operating Partnership

Basic earnings per unit (“EPU”) of the Operating Partnership is computed by dividing income applicable to unitholders by the weighted average Operating Partnership units outstanding, as adjusted for the effect of participating securities. Operating Partnership units granted in equity-based payment transactions that have non-forfeitable dividend equivalent rights are considered participating securities prior to vesting. The impact of unvested Operating Partnership unit awards on EPU has been calculated using the two-class method whereby earnings are allocated to the unvested Operating Partnership unit awards based on distributions and the unvested Operating Partnership units’ participation rights in undistributed earnings.

The calculation of diluted EPU for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 does not include the weighted average of 600,282 and 583,239 unvested outstanding Operating Partnership units, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 does not include the weighted average of 600,076 and 584,225 unvested outstanding Operating Partnership units, respectively, as these equity securities are either considered contingently issuable or the effect of including these equity securities was anti-dilutive to income from continuing operations and net income attributable to the unitholders.

NOTE 10. EQUITY OF AMERICAN ASSETS TRUST, INC.***Stockholders' Equity***

On December 3, 2021, we entered into an at-the-market (“ATM”) equity program with five sales agents in which we may, from time to time, offer and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250 million. The sales of shares of our common stock made through the ATM equity program, as amended, are made in “at-the-market” offerings as defined in Rule 415 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. For the six months ended June 30, 2025, no shares of common stock were sold through the ATM equity program.

We intend to use the net proceeds from the ATM equity program to fund our development or redevelopment activities, repay amounts outstanding from time to time under our revolving line of credit or other debt financing obligations, fund potential acquisition opportunities and/or for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2025, we had the capacity to issue up to \$250 million in shares of our common stock under our current ATM equity program. Actual future sales will depend on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, market conditions, the trading price of our common stock and our capital needs. As of June 30, 2025, we have no obligation to sell the remaining shares available for sale under the ATM equity program.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

Dividends

The following table lists the dividends declared and paid on our shares of common stock and noncontrolling common units during the six months ended June 30, 2025:

Period	Amount per Share/Unit	Period Covered	Dividend Paid Date
First Quarter 2025	\$ 0.340	January 1, 2025 to March 31, 2025	March 20, 2025
Second Quarter 2025	\$ 0.340	April 1, 2025 to June 30, 2025	June 18, 2025

Taxability of Dividends

Earnings and profits, which determine the taxability of distributions to stockholders and holders of common units, may differ from income reported for financial reporting purposes due to the differences for federal income tax purposes in the treatment of revenue recognition and compensation expense and in the basis of depreciable assets and estimated useful lives used to compute depreciation.

Stock-Based Compensation

We follow the FASB guidance related to stock-based compensation which establishes financial accounting and reporting standards for stock-based employee compensation plans, including all arrangements by which employees receive shares of stock or other equity instruments of the employer. The guidance also defines a fair value-based method of accounting for an employee stock award or similar equity instrument.

The following table summarizes the activity of restricted stock awards during the six months ended June 30, 2025:

	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2025	600,938	\$ 19.40
Granted	17,812	20.21
Vested	(9,180)	21.79
Forfeited	(3,508)	17.67
Nonvested at June 30, 2025	606,062	\$ 19.39

We recognize noncash compensation expense ratably over the vesting period, and accordingly, we recognized \$1.7 million and \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$3.4 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which is included in general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Unrecognized compensation expense was \$7.0 million at June 30, 2025.

Earnings Per Share

We have calculated earnings per share ("EPS") under the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation methodology whereby EPS for each class of common stock and participating security is calculated according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. The weighted average unvested shares outstanding, which are considered participating securities, were 600,282 and 583,239 for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and 600,076 and 584,225 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Therefore, we have allocated our earnings for basic and diluted EPS between common shares and unvested shares as these unvested shares have nonforfeitable dividend equivalent rights.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net income applicable to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of common and dilutive instruments outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, diluted shares exclude incentive restricted stock as these awards are considered contingently issuable. Additionally, the unvested restricted stock awards subject to time vesting are anti-dilutive for all periods presented, and accordingly, have been excluded from the weighted average common shares used to compute diluted EPS.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The computation of basic and diluted EPS is presented below (dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
NUMERATOR				
Net income	\$ 7,121	\$ 15,294	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917
Less: Net income attributable to restricted shares	(206)	(195)	(409)	(391)
Less: Income from operations attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	(1,459)	(3,195)	(12,828)	(8,362)
Net income attributable to common stockholders—basic	<u>\$ 5,456</u>	<u>\$ 11,904</u>	<u>\$ 47,991</u>	<u>\$ 31,164</u>
Income from operations attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc. common stockholders—basic	\$ 5,456	\$ 11,904	\$ 47,991	\$ 31,164
Plus: Income from operations attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	1,459	3,195	12,828	8,362
Net income attributable to common stockholders—diluted	<u>\$ 6,915</u>	<u>\$ 15,099</u>	<u>\$ 60,819</u>	<u>\$ 39,526</u>
DENOMINATOR				
Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic	60,540,125	60,312,878	60,538,720	60,311,399
Effect of dilutive securities—conversion of Operating Partnership units	16,181,537	16,181,537	16,181,537	16,181,537
Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted	<u>76,721,662</u>	<u>76,494,415</u>	<u>76,720,257</u>	<u>76,492,936</u>
Earnings per common share, basic	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.79</u>	<u>\$ 0.52</u>
Earnings per common share, diluted	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.79</u>	<u>\$ 0.52</u>

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

We elected to be taxed as a REIT and operate in a manner that allows us to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes commencing with our initial taxable year. As a REIT, we are generally not subject to corporate level income tax on the earnings distributed currently to our stockholders that we derive from our REIT qualifying activities. Taxable income from non-REIT activities managed through our TRS is subject to federal and state income taxes.

We lease our hotel property to a wholly owned TRS that is subject to federal and state income taxes. We account for income taxes using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between GAAP carrying amounts and their respective tax bases. Additionally, we classify certain state taxes as income taxes for financial reporting purposes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*.

A deferred tax asset is included in our consolidated balance sheets of \$1.0 million and \$1.0 million, and a deferred tax liability is included in our consolidated balance sheets of \$0.8 million and \$0.8 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, in relation to real estate asset basis differences and prepaid expenses for our TRS.

Income tax expense is recorded in other income, net on our consolidated statements of comprehensive income. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded income tax expense of \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we recorded income tax expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES***Legal***

We are sometimes involved in various disputes, lawsuits, warranty claims, environmental considerations, and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business. Management makes assumptions and estimates concerning the likelihood and amount of any potential loss relating to these matters.

We are currently a party to various legal proceedings. We accrue a liability for litigation if an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If an unfavorable outcome is probable and a reasonable estimate of the loss is a range, we accrue the best estimate within the range; however, if no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, the minimum amount within the range is accrued. Legal fees related to litigation are expensed as incurred. We do not believe that the ultimate outcome of these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position or overall trends in results of operations; however, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties. Also, under our leases, tenants are typically obligated to indemnify us from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses imposed upon or asserted against us as owner of the properties due to certain matters relating to the operation of the properties by the tenant.

Commitments

See Note 13 Leases for description of our leases, as a lessee.

We have management agreements with Outrigger Hotels & Resorts or an affiliate thereof (“Outrigger”) pursuant to which Outrigger manages each of the retail and hotel portions of the Waikiki Beach Walk property. Under the management agreement with Outrigger relating to the retail portion of Waikiki Beach Walk (the “retail management agreement”), we pay Outrigger a monthly management fee of 3.0% of net revenues from the retail portion of Waikiki Beach Walk. Pursuant to the terms of the retail management agreement, if the agreement is terminated in certain instances, including our election not to repair damage or destruction at the property, a condemnation or our failure to make required working capital infusions, we would be obligated to pay Outrigger a termination fee equal to the sum of the management fees paid for the two months immediately preceding the termination date. The retail management agreement may not be terminated by us or by Outrigger without cause. Under our management agreement with Outrigger relating to the hotel portion of Waikiki Beach Walk (the “hotel management agreement”), we pay Outrigger a monthly management fee of 6.0% of the hotel's gross operating profit, as well as 3.0% of the hotel's gross revenues; provided that the aggregate management fee payable to Outrigger for any year shall not exceed 3.5% of the hotel's gross revenues for such fiscal year. The hotel management agreement may not be terminated by us or by Outrigger without cause. Additionally, we have a management agreement with Outrigger pursuant to which Outrigger manages our Waialeale Center and Shops at Kalakaua. In connection with such management agreement, we pay Outrigger a fixed management fee of \$12,000 per month in the aggregate plus additional amounts for any lease renewal services provided by Outrigger at our request. This management agreement can be terminated by us at any time and for any reason on 30 days' notice without any cancellation or termination fees.

A wholly owned subsidiary of our Operating Partnership, WBW Hotel Lessee LLC, entered into a franchise license agreement with Embassy Suites Franchise LLC, the franchisor of the brand “Embassy Suites™,” to obtain the non-exclusive right to operate the hotel under the Embassy Suites™ brand for 20 years. The franchise license agreement provides that WBW Hotel Lessee LLC must comply with certain management, operational, record keeping, accounting, reporting and marketing standards and procedures. In connection with this agreement, we are also subject to the terms of a product improvement plan pursuant to which we expect to undertake certain actions to ensure that our hotel's infrastructure is maintained in compliance with the franchisor's brand standards. In addition, we must pay to Embassy Suites Franchise LLC a monthly franchise royalty fee equal to 5.0% of the hotel's gross room revenue, as well as a monthly program fee equal to 4.0% of the hotel's gross room revenue. If the franchise license is terminated due to our failure to make required improvements or to otherwise comply with its terms, we may be liable to the franchisor for a termination payment, which could be as high as \$8.1 million based on operating performance through June 30, 2025.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Our properties are located in Southern California, Northern California, Washington, Oregon, Texas and Hawaii. The ability of the tenants to honor the terms of their respective leases is dependent upon the economic, regulatory, social, and health factors affecting the markets in which the tenants operate. Sixteen of our consolidated properties are located in Southern California, which exposes us to greater economic risks than if we owned a more geographically diverse portfolio. Tenants in the office industry accounted for 47.0% of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025. This makes us susceptible to demand for office rental space and subject to the risks associated with an investment in real estate with a concentration of tenants in the office industry. Furthermore, tenants in the retail industry accounted for 22.0% of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025. This makes us susceptible to demand for retail rental space and subject to the risks associated with an investment in real estate with a concentration of tenants in the retail industry. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, no tenant accounted for more than 10% of our total rental revenue.

NOTE 13. LEASES**Lessor Operating Leases**

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Our lease agreements are generally for real estate, and the determination of whether such agreements contain leases generally does not require significant estimates or judgments. We lease real estate under operating leases.

Our leases with office, retail, mixed-use and residential tenants are classified as operating leases. Leases at our office and retail properties and the retail portion of our mixed-use property generally range from three years to ten years (certain leases with anchor tenants may be longer), and in addition to minimum rents, usually provide for cost recoveries for the tenant's share of certain operating costs. Our leases may also include variable lease payments in the form of percentage rents based on the tenant's level of sales achieved in excess of a breakpoint threshold. Leases on apartments generally range from seven months to fifteen months, with a majority having 12-month lease terms. Rooms at the hotel portion of our mixed-use property are rented on a nightly basis.

Leases at our office and retail properties and the retail portion of our mixed-use property may contain lease extension options, at our lessee's discretion. The extension options are generally for 3 to 10 years and contain primarily rent at fixed rates or the prevailing market rent. The extension options are generally exercisable 6 to 12 months prior to the expiration of the lease and require the lessee to not be in default of the lease terms.

We attempt to maximize the amount we expect to derive from the underlying real estate property following the end of a lease, to the extent it is not extended. We maintain a proactive leasing and capital improvement program that, combined with the quality and locations of our properties, has made our properties attractive to tenants. However, the residual value of a real estate property is still subject to various market-specific, asset-specific, and tenant-specific risks and characteristics.

As of June 30, 2025, minimum future rentals from noncancelable operating leases, before any reserve for uncollectible amounts and assuming no early lease terminations, at our office and retail properties and the retail portion of our mixed-use property are as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

2025 (six months ending December 31, 2025)	\$	121,147
2026		246,636
2027		227,693
2028		183,885
2029		124,626
Thereafter		251,797
Total	\$	<u>1,155,784</u>

The above future minimum rentals exclude residential leases, which typically range from seven months to fifteen months, and exclude the hotel, as rooms are rented on a nightly basis.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)
Lessee Operating Leases

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Our lease agreements are generally for real estate, and the determination of whether such agreements contain leases generally does not require significant estimates or judgments. We lease real estate under operating leases.

At The Landmark at One Market, we lease, as lessee, a building adjacent to The Landmark at One Market under an operating lease effective through June 30, 2026, which we have the option to extend until 2031 (the “Annex Lease”). The lease payments under the extension option provided for under the Annex Lease will be equal to the fair rental value at the time the extension option is exercised. The extension option is included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset and lease liability as we are reasonably certain of exercising the extension option.

Our lease agreements do not contain any residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. As our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement in determining the present value of lease payments.

As of June 30, 2025, current annual payments under the operating leases are as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

2025 (six months ending December 31, 2025)	\$	1,792
2026		3,584
2027		3,584
2028		3,584
2029		3,584
Thereafter		5,375
Total lease payments		21,503
Imputed interest		(2,236)
Present value of lease liability	\$	19,267

Lease costs under the operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Operating lease cost	\$ 910	\$ 815	\$ 1,819	\$ 1,786
Sublease income	(858)	(819)	(1,718)	(1,678)
Total lease cost (income)	\$ 52	\$ (4)	\$ 101	\$ 108

Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases (in years)	6.0
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	3.19 %

Supplemental cash flow information and non-cash activity related to our operating leases are as follow (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Operating cash flow information:		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 1,740	\$ 1,689

Subleases

At The Landmark at One Market, we (as sublandlord) sublease the Annex Lease building under operating leases effective through December 31, 2029. The subleases contain extension options, subject to our ability to extend the Annex Lease, that can extend the subleases through December 31, 2039 at the fair rental value at the time the extension option is exercised.

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)
NOTE 14. COMPONENTS OF RENTAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

The principal components of rental income are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Lease rental income				
Office	\$ 48,119	\$ 49,337	\$ 96,980	\$ 98,972
Retail	22,148	25,266	46,890	50,432
Multifamily	16,355	15,306	32,175	30,585
Mixed-use	3,206	3,120	6,562	6,101
Percentage rent	369	793	(16)	1,341
Hotel revenue	10,248	10,639	20,156	21,372
Other	625	633	1,274	1,312
Total rental income	\$ 101,070	\$ 105,094	\$ 204,021	\$ 210,115

Minimum rents include \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, to recognize lease rental income on a straight-line basis. In addition, net amortization of above and below market leases included in lease rental income was \$0.7 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$1.2 million and \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The principal components of rental expenses are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Rental operating	\$ 13,726	\$ 13,452	\$ 28,343	\$ 27,167
Hotel operating	7,486	7,335	14,834	14,754
Repairs and maintenance	5,624	5,707	10,893	10,831
Marketing	533	611	1,106	1,640
Rent	662	769	1,571	1,694
Hawaii excise tax	1,049	1,040	2,054	2,075
Management fees	598	591	1,177	1,185
Total rental expenses	\$ 29,678	\$ 29,505	\$ 59,978	\$ 59,346

NOTE 15. OTHER INCOME

The principal components of other income, net are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest and investment income	\$ 1,045	\$ 990	\$ 2,377	\$ 1,579
Income tax expense	(118)	(201)	(535)	(461)
Other non-operating income	—	—	—	10,000
Total other income	\$ 927	\$ 789	\$ 1,842	\$ 11,118

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, other non-operating income includes the net settlement payment of approximately \$10.0 million received on January 2, 2024 related to building specifications for one of the existing buildings at our office project in University Town Center (San Diego).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)

June 30, 2025

(Unaudited)

NOTE 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the third quarter of 2020, we entered into a lease with American Assets, Inc. (“AAI”), an entity owned and controlled by Mr. Rady, our Executive Chairman, for office space at Torrey Point to replace a previously existing lease with AAI at Torrey Reserve Campus. Rents commenced on March 1, 2021 for an initial lease term of ten years at an average annual rental rate of \$0.2 million. Rental revenue recognized on the AAI lease of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, is included in rental income on the statements of comprehensive income.

The Waikiki Beach Walk entities have a 47.7% investment in WBW CHP LLC, an entity that was formed to, among other things, construct a chilled water plant to provide air conditioning to the property and other adjacent facilities. The operating expenses of WBW CHP LLC are recovered through reimbursements from its members, and reimbursements to WBW CHP LLC of \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, are included in rental expenses on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

NOTE 17. SEGMENT REPORTING

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the CODM for the company was comprised of our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer.

Segment information is prepared on the same basis that our management reviews information for operational decision-making purposes. We review operating and financial information for each property on an individual basis and therefore, each property represents an individual operating segment. However, we have aggregated our properties into reportable segments as the properties share similar long-term economic characteristics and have other similarities including the fact that they are operated using consistent business strategies.

We operate in four reportable business segments: the acquisition, redevelopment, ownership and management of retail real estate, office real estate, multifamily real estate and mixed-use real estate. The products for our retail segment primarily include rental of retail space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental. The products for our office segment primarily include rental of office space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental. The products for our multifamily segment include rental of apartments and other tenant services. The products of our mixed-use segment include rental of retail space and other tenant services, including tenant reimbursements, parking and storage space rental and operation of a 369-room all-suite hotel.

Regular reportable segment updates are provided directly to the CODM. These updates include the performance of our segments based on segment profit which is defined as property revenue less property expenses, and this serves as the profit or loss measure used by the CODM for performance assessment and resource allocation. We consider segment profit to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it assists both investors and the CODM in understanding the core operations of our properties. Segment profit provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the revenues and expenses directly associated with owning and operating commercial real estate and the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, and operating costs, providing a perspective on operations not immediately apparent from net income.

Segment profit is not a measure of operating income or cash flows from operating activities as measured by GAAP, and it is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs and should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Not all companies calculate segment profit in the same manner. General and administrative expenses, interest expense, depreciation and amortization expense and other income and expense are not included in segment profit as our internal reporting addresses these items on a corporate level.

A significant segment expense is a category of expenses and amounts regularly provided to the CODM that is included in the calculation of each reported measure of segment profit or loss. Further, the CODM will use this measure to assess segment performance in deciding how to allocate resources. Significant expenses included in the reportable segment profit or loss measure are presented by rental expenses and real estate taxes for each reportable segment. Rental expenses includes facilities service expense, utilities expense, repairs and maintenance expense, insurance expense and other costs.

The following table represents the significant segment expenses and operating activity within our reportable segments (in thousands):

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Total Office				
Property revenue	\$ 50,818	\$ 51,310	\$ 101,699	\$ 102,992
Rental expenses	10,404	10,124	21,278	20,259
Real estate taxes	5,209	4,821	10,035	9,678
Property expense	15,613	14,945	31,313	29,937
Segment profit	35,205	36,365	70,386	73,055
Total Retail				
Property revenue	23,008	26,475	47,656	52,501
Rental expenses	3,356	4,467	7,542	9,195
Real estate taxes	2,568	3,353	5,797	6,926
Property expense	5,924	7,820	13,339	16,121
Segment profit	17,084	18,655	34,317	36,380
Total Multifamily				
Property revenue	17,428	16,391	34,259	32,690
Rental expenses	5,902	5,141	11,251	10,291
Real estate taxes	1,825	1,684	3,733	3,515
Property expense	7,727	6,825	14,984	13,806
Segment profit	9,701	9,566	19,275	18,884
Total Mixed-Use				
Property revenue	16,679	16,714	32,926	33,402
Rental expenses	10,016	9,773	19,907	19,601
Real estate taxes	1,043	985	2,085	1,970
Property expense	11,059	10,758	21,992	21,571
Segment profit	5,620	5,956	10,934	11,831
Total segments' profit	\$ 67,610	\$ 70,542	\$ 134,912	\$ 140,150

The following table is a reconciliation of segment profit to net income attributable to stockholders (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Total segments' profit	\$ 67,610	\$ 70,542	\$ 134,912	\$ 140,150
General and administrative	(8,850)	(8,737)	(18,162)	(17,579)
Depreciation and amortization	(32,782)	(31,011)	(63,276)	(61,228)
Interest expense, net	(19,784)	(16,289)	(38,564)	(32,544)
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	44,476	—
Other income, net	927	789	1,842	11,118
Net income	7,121	15,294	61,228	39,917
Net income attributable to restricted shares	(206)	(195)	(409)	(391)
Net income attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	(1,459)	(3,195)	(12,828)	(8,362)
Net income attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc. stockholders	\$ 5,456	\$ 11,904	\$ 47,991	\$ 31,164

American Assets Trust, Inc. and American Assets Trust, L.P.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued)
June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The following table shows net real estate and secured note payable balances for each of the reportable segments (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Net Real Estate		
Office	\$ 1,591,615	\$ 1,597,458
Retail	472,668	478,037
Multifamily	411,354	351,016
Mixed-Use	158,757	160,975
	<u>\$ 2,634,394</u>	<u>\$ 2,587,486</u>
Secured Notes Payable ⁽¹⁾		
Office	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000
	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$ 75,000</u>

(1) Excludes unamortized debt issuance costs of \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million for each of the periods ended June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Capital expenditures for each segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Capital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾				
Office	\$ 19,858	\$ 12,683	\$ 34,169	\$ 21,669
Retail	1,197	2,605	2,646	5,384
Multifamily	1,471	1,478	1,962	2,678
Mixed-Use	530	366	1,509	693
	<u>\$ 23,056</u>	<u>\$ 17,132</u>	<u>\$ 40,286</u>	<u>\$ 30,424</u>

(1) Capital expenditures represent cash paid for capital expenditures during the period and include leasing commissions paid.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

We make statements in this report that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (set forth in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. In particular, statements pertaining to our capital resources, portfolio performance and results of operations contain forward-looking statements. Likewise, our statements regarding anticipated growth in our funds from operations and anticipated market conditions, demographics and results of operations are forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "intends," "plans," "estimates" or "anticipates" or the negative of these words and phrases or similar words or phrases which are predictions of or indicate future events or trends and which do not relate solely to historical matters. You can also identify forward-looking statements by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions.

Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties and you should not rely on them as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements depend on assumptions, data or methods which may be incorrect or imprecise and we may not be able to realize them. We do not guarantee that the transactions and events described will happen as described (or that they will happen at all). The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

- adverse economic or real estate developments in our markets;
- defaults on, early terminations of or non-renewal of leases by tenants, including significant tenants;
- decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;
- our failure to generate sufficient cash flows to service our outstanding indebtedness;
- fluctuations in interest rates and increased operating costs;
- our failure to obtain necessary outside financing;
- our inability to develop or redevelop our properties due to market conditions;
- investment returns from our developed properties may be less than anticipated;
- general economic conditions, including the impact of tariffs and other trade restrictions;
- financial market fluctuations;
- risks that affect the general office, retail, multifamily and mixed-use environment;
- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- system failures or security incidents through cyberattacks;
- the impact of epidemics, pandemics, or other outbreaks of illness, disease or virus and the actions taken by government authorities and others related thereto, including the ability of our company, our properties and our tenants to operate;
- difficulties in identifying properties to acquire and completing acquisitions;
- our failure to successfully operate acquired properties and operations;
- risks related to joint venture arrangements;
- potential litigation;
- difficulties in completing dispositions;
- conflicts of interests with our officers or directors;
- lack or insufficient amounts of insurance;
- environmental uncertainties and risks related to adverse weather conditions and natural disasters;
- other factors affecting the real estate industry generally;
- limitations imposed on our business and our ability to satisfy complex rules in order for American Assets Trust, Inc. to continue to qualify as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and
- changes in governmental regulations or interpretations thereof, such as real estate and zoning laws and increases in real property tax rates and taxation of REITs.

While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, or new information, data or methods, future events or other changes. For a further discussion of these and other factors that could impact our future results, performance or transactions, see the section entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained herein and in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Overview

References to "we," "our," "us" and "our company" refer to American Assets Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with our consolidated subsidiaries, including American Assets Trust, L.P., a Maryland limited partnership, of which we are the sole general partner and which we refer to in this report as our Operating Partnership.

We are a full service, vertically integrated and self-administered REIT that owns, operates, acquires and develops high quality retail, office, multifamily and mixed-use properties in attractive, high-barrier-to-entry markets in Southern California, Northern California, Washington, Oregon, Texas and Hawaii. As of June 30, 2025, our portfolio was comprised of twelve office properties; eleven retail shopping centers a mixed-use property consisting of a 369-room all-suite hotel and a retail shopping center; and seven multifamily properties. Additionally, as of June 30, 2025, we owned land at two of our properties that we classified as held for development and/or construction in progress. La Jolla Commons - Land, related to the build-out of La Jolla Commons III, was previously classified as held for development. The build out of La Jolla Commons III is now complete and the building, inclusive of the land, was placed in operations as of April 1, 2025. Our core markets include San Diego, California; the San Francisco Bay Area, California; Bellevue, Washington; Portland, Oregon and Oahu, Hawaii. We are a Maryland corporation formed on July 16, 2010 to acquire the entities owning various controlling and noncontrolling interests in real estate assets owned and/or managed by Ernest S. Rady or his affiliates, including the Ernest Rady Trust U/D/T March 13, 1983, or the Rady Trust, and did not have any operating activity until the consummation of our initial public offering on January 19, 2011. Our Company, as the sole general partner of our Operating Partnership, has control of our Operating Partnership and owned 78.9% of our Operating Partnership as of June 30, 2025. Accordingly, we consolidate the assets, liabilities and results of operations of our Operating Partnership.

Acquisitions

On February 28, 2025, we acquired Genesee Park in San Diego, California, consisting of a 192-unit apartment community. The purchase price was \$67.9 million, excluding closing costs and prorations. We acquired the property with cash on hand, primarily from the proceeds received from the sale of Del Monte Center.

Dispositions

On February 25, 2025, we sold Del Monte Center, which is located in Monterey, California and was previously included in our retail segment. The sale price of this property of approximately \$123.5 million, less closing costs and prorations, resulted in net proceeds of approximately \$117.8 million. Accordingly, we recorded a gain on the sale of approximately \$44.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Critical Accounting Policies

We identified certain critical accounting policies that affect certain of our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparing our consolidated financial statements in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have not made any material changes to these policies during the periods covered by this report.

Same-store

We have provided certain information on a total portfolio, same-store and redevelopment same-store basis. Information provided on a same-store basis includes the results of properties that we owned and operated for the entirety of both periods being compared except for properties for which significant redevelopment or expansion occurred during either of the periods being compared, properties under development, properties classified as held for development and properties classified as discontinued operations. Information provided on a redevelopment same-store basis includes the results of properties undergoing significant redevelopment for the entirety or portion of both periods being compared. Same-store and redevelopment same-store are considered by management to be important measures because they assist in eliminating disparities due to the development, acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular period presented, and thus provide a more consistent performance measure for the comparison of the company's stabilized and redevelopment properties, as applicable. Additionally, redevelopment same-store is considered by management to be an important measure because it assists in evaluating the timing of the start and stabilization of our redevelopment opportunities and the impact that these redevelopments have in enhancing our operating performance.

While there is judgment surrounding changes in designations, we typically reclassify significant development, redevelopment or expansion properties into same-store properties once they are stabilized. Properties are deemed stabilized typically at the earlier of (i) reaching 90% occupancy or (ii) four quarters following a property's inclusion in operating real estate. We typically remove properties from same-store properties when the development, redevelopment or expansion has or is expected to have a significant impact on the property's annualized base rent, occupancy and property operating income within the calendar year. Our evaluation of significant impact related to development, redevelopment or expansion activity is based on quantitative and qualitative measures including, but not limited to, the following: the total budgeted cost of planned construction activity compared to the property's annualized base rent, occupancy and property operating income within the calendar year; percentage of development, redevelopment or expansion square footage to total property square footage; and the ability to maintain historic occupancy and rental rates. In consideration of these measures, we generally remove properties from same-store properties when we see a decline in a property's annualized base rent, occupancy and operating income within the calendar year as a direct result of ongoing redevelopment, development or expansion activity. Acquired properties are classified into same-store properties once we have owned such properties for the entirety of comparable period(s) and the properties are not under significant development or expansion.

Below is a summary of our same-store and redevelopment same-store composition for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. One Beach Street continues to be identified as a same-store redevelopment property due to significant redevelopment activity. Additionally, this property was placed into operations on August 1, 2024, approximately one year after completing renovations. Del Monte Center was removed as a same-store and redevelopment same-store property when compared to the designations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, as it was sold on February 25, 2025. Genesee Park is classified as a non-same-store property because it was acquired on February 28, 2025, and thus has not been owned for the comparable period. La Jolla Commons III is classified as non-same store when compared to the designations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, as it was placed in operations on April 1, 2025. La Jolla Commons III is a part of the La Jolla Commons office project, and not a stand-alone property.

Retail same-store operating income increased approximately 5.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024. Office same-store operating income decreased 2.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Same-Store	29	30	29	30
Non-Same-Store	2	1	2	1
Total Properties	31	31	31	31
Redevelopment Same-Store	30	31	30	31
Total Development Properties	2	3	2	3

Outlook

We seek growth in earnings, funds from operations and cash flows primarily through a combination of the following: growth in our same-store portfolio, growth in our portfolio from property development and redevelopments and expansion of our portfolio through property acquisitions. Our properties are located in some of the nation's most dynamic, high-barrier-to-entry markets primarily in Southern California, Northern California, Washington, Oregon and Hawaii, which allow us to take advantage of redevelopment opportunities that enhance our operating performance through renovation, expansion, reconfiguration and/or retensing. We evaluate our properties on an ongoing basis to identify these types of opportunities.

We intend to opportunistically pursue projects in our development pipeline, including future phases of Lloyd Portfolio, other redevelopments at Waikele Center, as well as multifamily development opportunities within our existing portfolio, namely at Lomas Santa Fe Plaza, Solana Beach Towne Centre, Carmel Mountain Plaza and Genesee Park. The commencement of these developments is based on, among other things, market conditions and our evaluation of whether such opportunities would generate appropriate risk-adjusted financial returns. Our redevelopment and development opportunities are subject to various factors, including market conditions and may not ultimately come to fruition.

We continue to review acquisition opportunities in our primary markets that would complement our portfolio and provide long-term growth opportunities. Some of our acquisitions do not initially contribute significantly to earnings growth; however, we believe they provide long-term re-leasing growth, redevelopment opportunities and other strategic opportunities. Any growth from acquisitions is contingent upon our ability to find properties that meet our qualitative standards at prices that meet our financial hurdles. Changes in interest rates may affect our success in achieving earnings growth through acquisitions by affecting both the price that must be paid to acquire a property, as well as our ability to economically finance a property acquisition. Generally, our acquisitions are initially financed by available cash, mortgage loans and/or borrowings under our revolving line of credit, which may be repaid later with funds raised through the issuance of new equity or new long-term debt.

Leasing

Our same-store growth is primarily driven by increases in rental rates on new leases and lease renewals and changes in portfolio occupancy. Over the long-term, we believe that the infill nature and strong demographics of our properties provide us with a strategic advantage, allowing us to maintain relatively high occupancy and increase rental rates. Furthermore, we believe the locations of our properties and diversified portfolio will mitigate some of the potentially negative impact of the current economic environment.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we signed 20 office leases for a total of 102,290 square feet of office space including 69,363 square feet of comparable space leases (leases for which there was a prior tenant), at an average rental rate decrease on a cash basis and increase on a GAAP basis of 2.0% and 9.6%, respectively. New office leases for comparable spaces were signed for 50,765 square feet at an average rental rate decrease on a cash basis and increase on a GAAP basis of 5.2% and 9.2%, respectively. Renewals for comparable office spaces were signed for 18,598 square feet at an average rental rate increase on a cash and GAAP basis of 6.4% and 10.7%, respectively. Tenant improvements and incentives were \$48.15 per square foot of office space for comparable new leases for the three months ended June 30, 2025, mainly due to new tenants at 14Acres and Lloyd District.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we signed 32 retail leases for a total of 220,247 square feet of retail space including 213,073 square feet of comparable space leases (leases for which there was a prior tenant), at an average rental rate increase on a cash and GAAP basis of 7.4% and 21.9%, respectively. New retail leases for comparable spaces were signed for 20,654 square feet at an average rental rate increase on a cash and GAAP basis of 6.9% and 263.2%, respectively. The rental rate increase on a GAAP basis is primarily attributable to our recognition of the prior tenant's rental revenue on a cash basis and the new tenant's rental revenue on a straight line basis. Renewals for comparable retail spaces were signed for 192,419 square feet at an average rental rate increase on a cash and GAAP basis of 7.5% and 13.7%, respectively. Tenant improvements and incentives were \$33.48 per square foot of retail space for comparable new leases for the three months ended June 30, 2025, mainly due to new tenants at Gateway Marketplace, Alamo Quarry Market and Solana Beach Towne Centre.

The rental increases associated with comparable spaces generally include all leases signed in arms-length transactions reflecting market leverage between landlords and tenants during the period. The comparison between average rent for expiring leases and new leases is determined by including minimum rent paid on the expiring lease and minimum rent to be paid on the new lease. In some instances, management exercises judgment as to how to most effectively reflect the comparability of spaces reported in this calculation. The change in rental income on comparable space leases is impacted by numerous factors including current market rates, location, individual tenant creditworthiness, use of space, market conditions when the expiring lease was signed, capital investment made in the space and the specific lease structure. Tenant improvements and incentives include the total dollars committed for the improvement of a space as it relates to a specific lease, but may also include base-building costs (i.e. expansion, escalators or new entrances) which are required to make the space leasable. Incentives include amounts paid to tenants as an inducement to sign a lease that do not represent building improvements.

The leases signed in 2025 generally become effective over the following year, though some may not become effective until 2026 and beyond. Further, there is risk that some new tenants will not ultimately take possession of their space and that tenants for both new and renewal leases may not pay all of their contractual rent due to operating, financing or other matters.

Capitalized Costs

Certain external and internal costs directly related to the development and redevelopment of real estate, including pre-construction costs, real estate taxes, insurance, interest, construction costs and salaries and related costs of personnel directly involved, are capitalized. We capitalize costs under development until construction is substantially complete and the property is held available for occupancy. The determination of when a development project is substantially complete and when capitalization must cease involves a degree of judgment. We consider a construction project as substantially complete and held available for occupancy upon the completion of landlord-owned tenant improvements or when the lessee takes possession of the unimproved space for construction of its own improvements, but not later than one year from cessation of major construction activity. We cease capitalization on the portion substantially completed and occupied or held available for occupancy, and capitalize only those costs associated with any remaining portion under construction.

We capitalized external and internal costs related to new development, redevelopment, expansion and repositioning activities combined of \$8.6 million and \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$10.6 million and \$8.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

We capitalized external and internal costs related to other property improvements combined of \$12.8 million and \$14.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$25.2 million and \$24.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Interest costs on developments and major redevelopments are capitalized as part of developments and redevelopments not yet placed in service. Capitalization of interest commences when development activities and expenditures begin and end upon completion, which is when the asset is ready for its intended use as noted above. We make judgments as to the time period over which to capitalize such costs and these assumptions have a direct impact on net income because capitalized costs are not subtracted in calculating net income. If the time period for capitalizing interest is extended, however, more interest is capitalized, thereby decreasing interest expense and increasing net income during that period. Since the build out of La Jolla Commons III is now complete and the building, inclusive of the land, was placed in operations as of April 1, 2025, there were no capitalized interest costs related to development activities for the three months ended June 30, 2025. We capitalized interest costs related to development activities of \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and \$1.4 million and \$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Results of Operations

For our discussion of results of operations, we have provided information on a total portfolio and same-store basis.

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2025 to the three months ended June 30, 2024

The following summarizes our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, our operating portfolio was comprised of 31 retail, office, multifamily and mixed-use properties with an aggregate of approximately 6.8 million rentable square feet of retail and office space, including the retail portion of our mixed-use property, 2,302 residential units (including 120 RV spaces) and a 369-room hotel. Additionally, as of June 30, 2025, we owned land at two of our properties that we classified as held for development and/or construction in progress. As of June 30, 2024, our operating portfolio was comprised of 31 retail, office, multifamily and mixed-use properties with an aggregate of approximately 7.2 million rentable square feet of

retail and office space, including the retail portion of our mixed-use property, 2,110 residential units (including 120 RV spaces) and a 369-room hotel. Additionally, as of June 30, 2024, we owned land at three of our properties that we classified as held for development and/or construction in progress.

The following table sets forth selected data from our unaudited consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024		
Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 101,070	\$ 105,094	\$ (4,024)	(4)%
Other property income	6,863	5,796	1,067	18
Total property revenues	107,933	110,890	(2,957)	(3)
Expenses				
Rental expenses	29,678	29,505	173	1
Real estate taxes	10,645	10,843	(198)	(2)
Total property expenses	40,323	40,348	(25)	—
Total property operating income	67,610	70,542	(2,932)	(4)
General and administrative	(8,850)	(8,737)	(113)	1
Depreciation and amortization	(32,782)	(31,011)	(1,771)	6
Interest expense, net	(19,784)	(16,289)	(3,495)	21
Other income, net	927	789	138	17
Net income	7,121	15,294	(8,173)	(53)
Net income attributable to restricted shares	(206)	(195)	(11)	6
Net income attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	(1,459)	(3,195)	1,736	(54)
Net income attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc. stockholders	\$ 5,456	\$ 11,904	\$ (6,448)	(54)%

Revenue

Total property revenues. Total property revenue consists of rental revenue and other property income. Total property revenue decreased \$3.0 million to \$107.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$110.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The percentage leased was as follows for each segment as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Percentage Leased ⁽¹⁾	
	June 30,	
	2025	2024
Office	82.0 %	86.6 %
Retail	97.7 %	94.5 %
Multifamily	88.1 %	90.0 %
Mixed-Use ⁽²⁾	95.0 %	95.7 %

(1) The percentage leased for our retail and office segments and the retail portion of the mixed-use segment includes square footage under leases, including leases which may not have commenced as of June 30, 2025 or 2024, as applicable. Percentage leased for our multifamily properties includes total units rented and occupied as of June 30, 2025 or 2024, as applicable.

(2) Includes the retail portion of the mixed-use property only.

The decrease in total property revenue was attributable primarily to the factors discussed below.

Rental revenues. Rental revenue includes minimum base rent, cost reimbursements, percentage rents and other rents. Rental revenue decreased \$4.0 million, or 4%, to \$101.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$105.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Rental revenue by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio ⁽¹⁾			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 48,448	\$ 49,636	\$ (1,188)	(2)	\$ 48,249	\$ 49,636	\$ (1,387)	(3)
Retail	22,569	26,193	(3,624)	(14)	22,603	22,450	153	1
Multifamily	16,443	15,392	1,051	7	15,330	15,392	(62)	—
Mixed-Use	13,610	13,873	(263)	(2)	13,610	13,873	(263)	(2)
	<u>\$ 101,070</u>	<u>\$ 105,094</u>	<u>\$ (4,024)</u>	<u>(4)%</u>	<u>\$ 99,792</u>	<u>\$ 101,351</u>	<u>\$ (1,559)</u>	<u>(2)%</u>

(1) For this table and tables following, the same-store portfolio excludes: (i) One Beach Street (office) due to significant redevelopment; (ii) Del Monte Center (retail), which was sold on February 25, 2025; (iii) Genesee Park (multifamily), which was acquired on February 28, 2025, (iv) La Jolla Commons III (office), which was placed into operations on April 1, 2025 and (v) land held for development (office).

Same-store office rental revenue decreased \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lower occupancy and annualized base rents at Torrey Reserve Campus and First & Main, lower occupancy at Lloyd Portfolio, and a decrease in cost recoveries of \$0.3 million due to changes in tenant base years, a decrease in recoverable property expenses, and prior year tax refunds received that were passed back to tenants.

Same-store retail rental revenue increased \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to new tenant leases and scheduled rent increases at Carmel Mountain Plaza, Geary Marketplace, Alamo Quarry Market and Solana Beach Towne Center. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$0.2 million in cost recoveries.

Same-store multifamily revenue decreased \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an overall decrease in occupancy. Same-store average monthly base rent and occupancy was \$2,791 and 89.0%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to \$2,730 and 90.8%, for the three months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

Total mixed-use rental revenue decreased \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in tourism, which led to a decrease in average occupancy and revenue per available room to 86.0% and \$305 for the three months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to 86.4% and \$317 for the three months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in rental revenue at the retail portion of our mixed-use property, primarily due to new tenant leases commencing at higher base rents.

Other property income. Other property income increased \$1.1 million, or 18%, to \$6.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$5.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Other property income by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 2,370	\$ 1,674	\$ 696	42	\$ 2,355	\$ 1,668	\$ 687	41
Retail	439	282	157	56	439	282	157	56
Multifamily	985	999	(14)	(1)	976	999	(23)	(2)
Mixed-Use	3,069	2,841	228	8	3,069	2,841	228	8
	<u>\$ 6,863</u>	<u>\$ 5,796</u>	<u>\$ 1,067</u>	<u>18 %</u>	<u>\$ 6,839</u>	<u>\$ 5,790</u>	<u>\$ 1,049</u>	<u>18 %</u>

Office other property income increased \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lease termination fees received at Timber Ridge.

Retail other property income increased \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lease termination fees received at Alamo Quarry Market.

Mixed-use other property income increased \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in parking garage income at the retail portion of our mixed-use property.

Property Expenses

Total Property Expenses. Total property expenses consist of rental expenses and real estate taxes. Total property expenses stayed flat at \$40.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

Rental Expenses. Rental expenses increased \$0.2 million, or 1%, to \$29.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$29.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Rental expense by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 10,404	\$ 10,124	\$ 280	3	\$ 9,701	\$ 9,771	\$ (70)	(1)
Retail	3,356	4,467	(1,111)	(25)	3,361	3,348	13	—
Multifamily	5,902	5,141	761	15	5,288	5,141	147	3
Mixed-Use	10,016	9,773	243	2	10,016	9,773	243	2
	<u>\$ 29,678</u>	<u>\$ 29,505</u>	<u>\$ 173</u>	<u>1 %</u>	<u>\$ 28,366</u>	<u>\$ 28,033</u>	<u>\$ 333</u>	<u>1 %</u>

Office rental expense increased \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase at La Jolla Commons Tower III related to new operations and amenities. Same-store office rental expense decreased \$0.1 million due to lower parking garage expense and other operating expense.

Retail rental expense decreased \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to the sale of Del Monte Center in the first quarter of 2025.

Multifamily rental expense increased \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to the acquisition of Genesee Park. Same-store multifamily rental expense increased \$0.1 million due to an overall increase in utilities expense and repairs and maintenance expense across most of our other multifamily properties.

Mixed-use rental expense increased \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in room related expenses at the hotel portion of our mixed-use property and an increase in repairs and maintenance expense and excise tax expense at the retail portion of our mixed-use property.

Real Estate Taxes. Real estate taxes decreased \$0.2 million, or 2%, to \$10.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$10.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Real estate tax expense by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 5,209	\$ 4,821	\$ 388	8	\$ 4,582	\$ 4,771	\$ (189)	(4)
Retail	2,568	3,353	(785)	(23)	2,568	3,225	(657)	(20)
Multifamily	1,825	1,684	141	8	1,743	1,684	59	4
Mixed-Use	1,043	985	58	6	1,043	985	58	6
	<u>\$ 10,645</u>	<u>\$ 10,843</u>	<u>\$ (198)</u>	<u>(2)%</u>	<u>\$ 9,936</u>	<u>\$ 10,665</u>	<u>\$ (729)</u>	<u>(7)%</u>

Same-store office real estate taxes decreased \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in property tax assessments at City Center Bellevue, 14Acres and Timber Ridge, partially offset by an increase at La Jolla Commons due to real estate tax refunds received during the three months ended June 30, 2024.

Same-store retail real estate taxes decreased \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in property tax assessments at Alamo Quarry Market and an increase in real estate tax refunds received at Alamo Quarry Market and Carmel Mountain Plaza.

Multifamily real estate taxes increased \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to the acquisition of Genesee Park and an increase in property tax assessments at Pacific Ridge Apartments.

Mixed-use real estate taxes increased \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in property tax assessments.

Property Operating Income

Property operating income decreased \$2.9 million, or 4%, to \$67.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$70.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Property operating income by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 35,205	\$ 36,365	\$ (1,160)	(3)	\$ 36,321	\$ 36,762	\$ (441)	(1)
Retail	17,084	18,655	(1,571)	(8)	17,113	16,159	954	6
Multifamily	9,701	9,566	135	1	9,275	9,566	(291)	(3)
Mixed-Use	5,620	5,956	(336)	(6)	5,620	5,956	(336)	(6)
	<u>\$ 67,610</u>	<u>\$ 70,542</u>	<u>\$ (2,932)</u>	<u>(4)%</u>	<u>\$ 68,329</u>	<u>\$ 68,443</u>	<u>\$ (114)</u>	<u>—%</u>

Same-store office operating income decreased \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024, primarily due to a decrease in rental revenue driven primarily by lower occupancy and annualized base rents at Torrey Reserve Campus and First & Main, lower occupancy at Lloyd Portfolio, a decrease in cost recoveries, and a decrease in parking garage expense and other operating expense.

Same-store retail operating income increased \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to new tenant leases and scheduled rent increases at Carmel Mountain Plaza, Geary Marketplace, Alamo Quarry Market and Solana Beach Towne Center. Additionally there was a decrease in real estate taxes due to lower property tax assessments at Alamo Quarry Market and an increase in real estate tax refunds received at Alamo Quarry Market and Carmel Mountain Plaza.

Same-store multifamily operating income decreased \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in occupancy. Same-store average monthly base rent and occupancy was \$2,791 and 89.0%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$2,730 and 90.8%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Additionally, there was an increase in utilities expense and repairs and maintenance expense across most of our other multifamily properties.

Total mixed-use operating income decreased \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in tourism, which led to a decrease in average occupancy and revenue per available room to 86.0% and \$305, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to 86.4% and \$317, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2024. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in rental revenue at the retail portion of our mixed-use property, primarily due to new tenant leases commencing at higher base rents.

Other

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased \$0.1 million, or 1%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to higher employee-related costs, including, without limitation, with respect to base pay and benefits for certain salaried and hourly workers.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.8 million, or 6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to \$1.0 million related to the recent acquisition of Genesee Park on February 28, 2025, \$0.9 million related to La Jolla Commons III, which was placed in service on April 1, 2025, and \$0.6 million related to acceleration of depreciation of assets attributable to a lease for which the tenant vacated their space early at Waikiki Beach Walk - Retail. These increases were partially offset by lower depreciation expense at Del Monte Center, which was sold on February 25, 2025.

Interest Expense, net. Interest expense increased \$3.5 million, or 21%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to the closing of our 6.150% Senior Notes on September 17, 2024 and a decrease in capitalized interest related to La Jolla Commons III being placed in service on April 1, 2025. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in interest expense related to the maturity and repayment of our Series F Notes on July 19, 2024, Series B Notes on December 2, 2024, Term Loan B and Term Loan C on January 2, 2025 and Series C Notes on February 3, 2025.

Other Income, net. Other income, net increased \$0.1 million, or 17%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to interest and investment income attributed to a higher yield on our average cash balance during the period and lower income tax expense.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

The following summarizes our consolidated results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to our consolidated results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

The following table sets forth selected data from our unaudited consolidated statements of income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024		
Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 204,021	\$ 210,115	\$ (6,094)	(3)%
Other property income	12,519	11,470	1,049	9
Total property revenues	216,540	221,585	(5,045)	(2)
Expenses				
Rental expenses	59,978	59,346	632	1
Real estate taxes	21,650	22,089	(439)	(2)
Total property expenses	81,628	81,435	193	—
Total property operating income	134,912	140,150	(5,238)	(4)
General and administrative	(18,162)	(17,579)	(583)	3
Depreciation and amortization	(63,276)	(61,228)	(2,048)	3
Interest expense, net	(38,564)	(32,544)	(6,020)	18
Gain on sale of real estate	44,476	—	44,476	100
Other income, net	1,842	11,118	(9,276)	(83)
Net income	61,228	39,917	21,311	53
Net income attributable to restricted shares	(409)	(391)	(18)	5
Net income attributable to unitholders in the Operating Partnership	(12,828)	(8,362)	(4,466)	53
Net income attributable to American Assets Trust, Inc. stockholders	<u>\$ 47,991</u>	<u>\$ 31,164</u>	<u>\$ 16,827</u>	<u>54 %</u>

Revenue

Total property revenues. Total property revenue consists of rental revenue and other property income. Total property revenue decreased \$5.0 million, or 2%, to \$216.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$221.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The percentage leased was as follows for each segment as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Percentage Leased ⁽¹⁾	
	June 30,	
	2025	2024
Office	82.0 %	86.6 %
Retail	97.7 %	94.5 %
Multifamily	88.1 %	90.0 %
Mixed-Use ⁽²⁾	95.0 %	95.7 %

(1) The percentage leased for our retail and office segments and the retail portion of the mixed-use segment includes square footage under leases, including leases which may not have commenced as of June 30, 2025 or 2024, as applicable. Percentage leased for our multifamily properties includes total units rented and occupied as of June 30, 2025 or 2024, as applicable.

(2) Includes the retail portion of the mixed-use property only.

The decrease in total property revenue was attributable primarily to the factors discussed below.

Rental revenues. Rental revenue includes minimum base rent, cost reimbursements, percentage rents and other rents. Rental revenue decreased \$6.1 million, or 3%, to \$204.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$210.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Rental revenue by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio ⁽¹⁾			
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 97,636	\$ 99,641	\$ (2,005)	(2)	\$ 97,362	\$ 99,641	\$ (2,279)	(2)
Retail	46,994	51,976	(4,982)	(10)	45,379	44,750	629	1
Multifamily	32,364	30,767	1,597	5	30,894	30,767	127	—
Mixed-Use	27,027	27,731	(704)	(3)	27,027	27,731	(704)	(3)
	<u>\$ 204,021</u>	<u>\$ 210,115</u>	<u>\$ (6,094)</u>	<u>(3)%</u>	<u>\$ 200,662</u>	<u>\$ 202,889</u>	<u>\$ (2,227)</u>	<u>(1)%</u>

(1) For this table and the tables following, the same-store portfolio excludes: (i) One Beach Street (office) due to significant redevelopment; (ii) Del Monte Center (retail), which was sold on February 25, 2025; (iii) Genesee Park (multifamily), which was acquired on February 28, 2025, (iv) La Jolla Commons III (office), which was placed into operations on April 1, 2025 and (v) land held for development (office).

Same-store office rental revenue decreased \$2.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lower occupancy and annualized base rents at Torrey Reserve Campus and First & Main, lower occupancy at Lloyd Portfolio, and a decrease in cost recoveries of \$0.5 million due to changes in tenant base years, a decrease in recoverable property expenses, and prior year tax refunds received that were passed back to tenants.

Same-store retail rental revenue increased \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to new tenant leases and scheduled rent increases at Carmel Mountain Plaza, Alamo Quarry Market and Solana Beach Towne Center.

Same-store multifamily revenue increased \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an overall increase in average monthly base rent, while occupancy had a slight decrease. Same-store average monthly base rent and occupancy was \$2,784 and 89.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$2,705 and 91.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Mixed-use rental revenue decreased \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in tourism, which led to a decrease in average occupancy and revenue per available room to 85.3% and \$302 for the six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to 88.1% and \$318 for the six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in rental revenue at the retail portion of our mixed-use property, primarily due to new tenant leases commencing at higher base rents.

Other property income. Other property income increased \$1.0 million, or 9%, to \$12.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$11.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Other property income by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 4,063	\$ 3,351	\$ 712	21	\$ 4,029	\$ 3,338	\$ 691	21
Retail	662	525	137	26	670	523	147	28
Multifamily	1,895	1,923	(28)	(1)	1,883	1,923	(40)	(2)
Mixed-Use	5,899	5,671	228	4	5,899	5,671	228	4
	<u>\$ 12,519</u>	<u>\$ 11,470</u>	<u>\$ 1,049</u>	<u>9%</u>	<u>\$ 12,481</u>	<u>\$ 11,455</u>	<u>\$ 1,026</u>	<u>9%</u>

Office other property income increased \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a \$0.7 million lease termination fee received at Timber Ridge.

Retail other property income increased \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lease termination fees received at Alamo Quarry Market.

Total mixed-use other property income increased \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in parking income at the retail portion of our mixed-use property.

Property Expenses

Total Property Expenses. Total property expenses consist of rental expenses and real estate taxes. Total property expenses increased by \$0.2 million to \$81.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$81.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This increase in total property expenses was attributable primarily to the factors discussed below.

Rental Expenses. Rental expenses increased \$0.6 million, or 1%, to \$60.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$59.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Rental expense by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 21,278	\$ 20,259	\$ 1,019	5	\$ 20,011	\$ 19,654	\$ 357	2
Retail	7,542	9,195	(1,653)	(18)	6,726	7,084	(358)	(5)
Multifamily	11,251	10,291	960	9	10,490	10,291	199	2
Mixed-Use	19,907	19,601	306	2	19,907	19,601	306	2
	<u>\$ 59,978</u>	<u>\$ 59,346</u>	<u>\$ 632</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>\$ 57,134</u>	<u>\$ 56,630</u>	<u>\$ 504</u>	<u>1%</u>

Office rental expenses increased \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase at La Jolla Commons Tower III related to new operations and amenities. Same-store office rental expense increased \$0.4 million due to higher utilities expense.

Retail rental expenses decreased \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to \$0.5 million written off during the first quarter of 2024 for non-recurring costs related to construction in progress for then-prospective construction at Waikale Center and a \$1.3 million decrease due to the sale of Del Monte Center in the first quarter of 2025. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in utilities expense and facilities services.

Multifamily rental expenses increased \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to the acquisition of Genesee Park and an overall increase in insurance expense, utilities expense and repairs and maintenance expense across most of our other multifamily properties.

Total mixed-use rental expenses increased \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in facilities service expense, excise tax expense and repairs and maintenance expense at the retail portion of our mixed-use property.

Real Estate Taxes. Real estate tax expense decreased \$0.4 million, or 2% to \$21.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$22.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Real estate tax expense by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 10,035	\$ 9,678	\$ 357	4	\$ 9,163	\$ 9,578	\$ (415)	(4)
Retail	5,797	6,926	(1,129)	(16)	5,879	6,478	(599)	(9)
Multifamily	3,733	3,515	218	6	3,623	3,515	108	3
Mixed-Use	2,085	1,970	115	6	2,085	1,970	115	6
	<u>\$ 21,650</u>	<u>\$ 22,089</u>	<u>\$ (439)</u>	<u>(2)%</u>	<u>\$ 20,750</u>	<u>\$ 21,541</u>	<u>\$ (791)</u>	<u>(4)%</u>

Same-store office real estate taxes decreased \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in property tax assessments at City Center Bellevue, 14Acres and Timber Ridge, partially offset by an increase at La Jolla Commons due to real estate tax refunds received during the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Same-store retail real estate taxes decreased \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in property tax assessments at Alamo Quarry Market and an increase in real estate tax refunds received at Alamo Quarry Market and Carmel Mountain Plaza.

Same-store multifamily real estate taxes increased \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in property tax assessments mainly at Pacific Ridge Apartments and Loma Palisades.

Mixed-use real estate taxes increased \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an increase in property tax assessments.

Property Operating Income

Property operating income decreased \$5.2 million, or 4%, to \$134.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$140.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Property operating income by segment was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Total Portfolio				Same-Store Portfolio			
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%	Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	%
	2025	2024			2025	2024		
Office	\$ 70,386	\$ 73,055	\$ (2,669)	(4)	\$ 72,217	\$ 73,747	\$ (1,530)	(2)
Retail	34,317	36,380	(2,063)	(6)	33,444	31,711	1,733	5
Multifamily	19,275	18,884	391	2	18,664	18,884	(220)	(1)
Mixed-Use	10,934	11,831	(897)	(8)	10,934	11,831	(897)	(8)
	<u>\$ 134,912</u>	<u>\$ 140,150</u>	<u>\$ (5,238)</u>	<u>(4)%</u>	<u>\$ 135,259</u>	<u>\$ 136,173</u>	<u>\$ (914)</u>	<u>(1)%</u>

Same-store office operating income decreased \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, primarily due to a decrease in rental revenue driven primarily by lower occupancy and annualized base rents at Torrey Reserve Campus and First & Main, lower occupancy at Lloyd Portfolio, a decrease in cost recoveries, and an increase in utilities expense. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in lease termination fees received at Timber Ridge.

Same-store retail operating income increased \$1.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to new tenant leases and scheduled rent increases at Carmel Mountain Plaza, Geary Marketplace, Alamo Quarry Market and Solana Beach Towne Center. Additionally there was a decrease in real estate taxes due to lower property tax assessments at Alamo Quarry Market and an increase in real estate tax refunds received at Alamo Quarry Market and Carmel Mountain Plaza.

Same-store multifamily operating income decreased \$0.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to an overall increase in average monthly base rent, while occupancy had a slight decrease. Same-store average monthly base rent and occupancy was \$2,784 and 89.7%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$2,705 and 91.6%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Additionally, there was an increase in insurance expense, utilities expense and repairs and maintenance expense.

Total mixed-use operating income decreased \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to a decrease in tourism, which led to a decrease in average occupancy and revenue per available room to 85.3% and \$302 for the six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to 88.1% and \$318 for the six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. Additionally, there was an increase in rental expense at the retail portion of our mixed-use property. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in rental revenue at the retail portion of our mixed-use property, primarily due to new tenant leases commencing at higher base rents.

Other

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased \$0.6 million, or 3%, to \$18.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$17.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This was primarily due to higher employee-related costs, including, without limitation, with respect to base pay for certain salaried and hourly workers and benefits.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$2.0 million, or 3%, to \$63.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$61.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to \$1.4 million related to the recent acquisition of Genesee Park on February 28, 2025, \$1.1 million related to La Jolla Commons III, which was placed in service on April 1, 2025, and \$0.6 million related to acceleration of depreciation of assets attributable to a lease for which the tenant vacated their space early at Waikiki Beach Walk - Retail. These increases were partially offset by lower depreciation expense at Torrey Reserve Campus due to asset acceleration for a tenant vacating their space early in 2024 and Del Monte Center, which was sold on February 25, 2025.

Interest Expense, net. Interest expense increased \$6.0 million, or 18%, to \$38.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$32.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily due to the closing of our 6.150% Senior Notes on September 17, 2024 and a decrease in capitalized interest related to La Jolla Commons III being placed into service on April 1, 2025. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in interest expense related to the maturity and repayment of our Series F Notes on July 19, 2024, Series B Notes on December 2, 2024, Term Loan B and Term Loan C on January 2, 2025 and Series C Notes on February 3, 2025.

Gain on sale of real estate. Gain on sale of real estate of \$44.5 million during the period relates to our sale of Del Monte Center on February 25, 2025.

Other Income, net. Other income, net decreased \$9.3 million, or 83%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. This decrease was primarily due to the net settlement payment of approximately \$10.0 million received during the three months ended March 31, 2024 relating to building specifications for one of the existing buildings at our office project in University Town Center (San Diego). This decrease was partially offset by an increase in interest and investment income attributed to higher yield on our average cash balance during the period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, Inc.

In this “Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, Inc.” section, the term the “company” refers only to American Assets Trust, Inc. on an unconsolidated basis, and excludes the Operating Partnership and all other subsidiaries.

The company’s business is operated primarily through the Operating Partnership, of which the company is the parent company and sole general partner, and which it consolidates for financial reporting purposes. Because the company operates on a consolidated basis with the Operating Partnership, the section entitled “Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, L.P.” should be read in conjunction with this section to understand the liquidity and capital resources of the company on a consolidated basis and how the company is operated as a whole.

The company issues public equity from time to time, but does not otherwise generate any capital itself or conduct any business itself, other than incurring certain expenses in operating as a public company which are fully reimbursed by the Operating Partnership. The company itself does not have any indebtedness, and its only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of the Operating Partnership. Therefore, the consolidated assets and liabilities and the consolidated revenues and expenses of the company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements. However, all debt is held directly or indirectly by the Operating Partnership. The company’s principal funding requirement is the payment of dividends on its common stock. The company’s principal source of funding for its dividend payments is distributions it receives from the Operating Partnership.

As of June 30, 2025, the company owned an approximate 78.9% partnership interest in the Operating Partnership. The remaining approximately 21.1% are owned by non-affiliated investors and certain of the company’s directors and executive officers. As the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, American Assets Trust, Inc. has the full, exclusive and complete authority and control over the Operating Partnership’s day-to-day management and business, can cause it to enter into certain major transactions, including acquisitions, dispositions and refinancings, and can cause changes in its line of business, capital structure and distribution policies. The company causes the Operating Partnership to distribute such portion of its available cash as the company may in its discretion determine, in the manner provided in the Operating Partnership’s partnership agreement.

The liquidity of the company is dependent on the Operating Partnership’s ability to make sufficient distributions to the company. The primary cash requirement of the company is its payment of dividends to its stockholders. The company also guarantees some of the Operating Partnership’s debt, as discussed further in Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein. If the Operating Partnership fails to fulfill certain of its debt requirements, which trigger the company’s guarantee obligations, then the company will be required to fulfill its cash payment commitments under such guarantees. However, the company’s only significant asset is its investment in the Operating Partnership.

We believe the Operating Partnership's sources of working capital, specifically its cash flow from operations, and borrowings available under its unsecured line of credit, are adequate for it to make its distribution payments to the company and, in turn, for the company to make its dividend payments to its stockholders. As of June 30, 2025, the company has determined that it has adequate working capital to meet its dividend funding obligations for the next 12 months. However, we cannot assure you that the Operating Partnership's sources of capital will continue to be available at all or in amounts sufficient to meet its needs, including its ability to make distribution payments to the company. The unavailability of capital could adversely affect the Operating Partnership's ability to pay its distributions to the company, which would in turn, adversely affect the company's ability to pay cash dividends to its stockholders.

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds to pay for future dividends expected to be paid to the company's stockholders, operating expenses and other expenditures directly associated with our properties, interest expense and scheduled principal payments on outstanding indebtedness, general and administrative expenses, funding construction projects, capital expenditures, tenant improvements and leasing commissions.

The company may from time to time seek to repurchase or redeem the Operating Partnership's outstanding debt, the company's shares of common stock or other securities in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or redemptions, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

For the company to maintain its qualification as a REIT, it must pay dividends to its stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, excluding net capital gains. While historically the company has satisfied this distribution requirement by making cash distributions to American Assets Trust, Inc.'s stockholders or American Assets Trust, L.P.'s unitholders, it may choose to satisfy this requirement by making distributions of cash or other property, including, in limited circumstances, the company's own stock. As a result of this distribution requirement, the Operating Partnership cannot rely on retained earnings to fund its ongoing operations to the same extent that other companies whose parent companies are not REITs can. The company may need to continue to raise capital in the equity markets to fund the operating partnership's working capital needs, acquisitions and developments. Although there is no intent at this time, if market conditions deteriorate, the company may also delay the timing of future development and redevelopment projects as well as limit future acquisitions, reduce the Operating Partnership's operating expenditures, or re-evaluate its dividend policy.

The company is a well-known seasoned issuer. As circumstances warrant, the company may issue equity from time to time on an opportunistic basis, dependent upon market conditions and available pricing. When the company receives proceeds from preferred or common equity issuances, it is required by the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement to contribute the proceeds from its equity issuances to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership may use the proceeds to repay debt, to develop new or existing properties, to acquire properties or for general corporate purposes.

In December 2023, the company, together with the Operating Partnership, filed a universal shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the SEC, which became effective upon filing and which replaced the prior Form S-3ASR that was filed with the SEC in January 2021. The universal shelf registration statement may permit the company from time to time to offer and sell equity securities of the company. However, there can be no assurance that the company will be able to complete any such offerings of securities. Factors influencing the availability of additional financing include investor perception of our prospects and the general condition of the financial markets, among others.

On December 3, 2021, we entered into a new ATM equity program with five sales agents under which we may, from time to time, offer and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250.0 million. The sale of shares of our common stock made through the ATM equity program are made in "at-the-market" offerings as defined in Rule 415 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We intend to use the net proceeds to fund development or redevelopment activities, repay amounts outstanding from time to time under our amended and restated credit facility or other debt financing obligations, fund potential acquisition opportunities and/or for general corporate purposes. Actual future sales will depend on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, market conditions, the trading price of the company's common stock and the company's capital needs. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, no shares of common stock were sold through the ATM equity program. We have no obligation to sell the remaining shares available for sale under the ATM equity program.

Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, L.P.

In this “Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, L.P.” section, the terms “we,” “our” and “us” refer to the Operating Partnership together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Operating Partnership and American Assets Trust, Inc. together with their consolidated subsidiaries, as the context requires. American Assets Trust, Inc. is our sole general partner and consolidates our results of operations for financial reporting purposes. Because we operate on a consolidated basis with American Assets Trust, Inc., the section entitled “Liquidity and Capital Resources of American Assets Trust, Inc.” should be read in conjunction with this section to understand our liquidity and capital resources on a consolidated basis.

Due to the nature of our business, we typically generate significant amounts of cash from operations. The cash generated from operations is used for the payment of operating expenses, capital expenditures, debt service and dividends to American Assets Trust, Inc.'s stockholders and our unitholders. As a REIT, American Assets Trust, Inc. must generally make annual distributions to its stockholders of at least 90% of its net taxable income. As of June 30, 2025, we held \$143.7 million in cash and cash equivalents.

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of operating expenses and other expenditures associated with our properties, regular debt service requirements, dividend payments to American Assets Trust, Inc.'s stockholders required to maintain its REIT status, distributions to our unitholders, capital expenditures and, potentially, acquisitions. We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through net cash provided by operations, reserves established from existing cash and, if necessary, borrowings available under our credit facility.

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for the repayment of debt at maturity, property acquisitions, tenant improvements and capital improvements. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements to pay scheduled debt maturities and to fund property acquisitions and capital improvements with net cash from operations, long-term secured and unsecured indebtedness and, if necessary, the issuance of equity and debt securities. We also may fund property acquisitions and capital improvements using our amended and restated credit facility pending permanent financing. We believe that we have access to multiple sources of capital to fund our long-term liquidity requirements, including the incurrence of additional debt and the issuance of additional equity. However, we cannot be assured that this will be the case. Our ability to incur additional debt will be dependent on a number of factors, including our degree of leverage, the value of our unencumbered assets and borrowing restrictions that may be imposed by lenders. Our ability to access the equity capital markets will be dependent on a number of factors as well, including general market conditions for REITs and market perceptions about our company.

Our overall capital requirements for the remainder of 2025 and for the first half of 2026 will depend upon acquisition opportunities and the level of improvements and redevelopments on existing properties. Our capital investments will be funded on a short-term basis with, among other sources of capital, cash on hand, cash flow from operations and/or our revolving line of credit. On a long-term basis, our capital investments may be funded with additional long-term debt, including, without limitation, mortgage debt and unsecured notes. Our ability to incur additional debt will be dependent on a number of factors, including, without limitation, our degree of leverage, the value of our unencumbered assets and borrowing restrictions that may be imposed by lenders. Our capital investments may also be funded by issuing additional equity including, without limitation, shares issued by American Assets Trust, Inc. under its ATM equity program or through an underwritten public offering. Although there is no intent at this time, if market conditions deteriorate or fail to improve, we may also delay the timing of future development and redevelopment projects as well as limit future acquisitions, reduce our operating expenditures, or re-evaluate our dividend policy.

In December 2023, the Operating Partnership, together with American Assets Trust, Inc., filed a universal shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the SEC, which became effective upon filing and which replaced the prior Form S-3ASR that was filed with the SEC in January 2021. The universal shelf registration statement may permit the company from time to time to offer and sell equity securities of the company. However, there can be no assurance that the company will be able to complete any such offerings of securities. Factors influencing the availability of additional financing include investor perception of our prospects and the general condition of the financial markets, among others.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We currently do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Cash Flows

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2025 to the six months ended June 30, 2024

Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash were \$143.7 million and \$114.9 million at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$28.0 million to \$86.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$114.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease in cash from operations was primarily due to the net settlement received during the first quarter of 2024 relating to the building specifications for one of the existing buildings at our office project in University Town Center (San Diego), lease termination fees received at Torrey Reserve Campus during the second quarter of 2024 and a decrease in rental revenue and changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Net cash provided by investing activities increased \$40.0 million to \$9.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to cash used in investing activities of \$30.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in cash provided was primarily due to the proceeds from the sale of Del Monte Center, offset by the use of cash for the acquisition of Genesee Park and an increase in capital expenditures related to new office tenant improvement projects, leasing commissions and continuous efforts to build out La Jolla Commons III.

Net cash used in financing activities increased \$325.9 million to \$377.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$51.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in cash used in financing activities was primarily due to the repayment of the \$225 million aggregate outstanding balance on our Term Loan B and Term Loan C on January 2, 2025 and the repayment of the \$100 million outstanding balance on our Series C Notes, on February 3, 2025.

Net Operating Income

Net Operating Income (“NOI”), is a non-GAAP financial measure of performance. We define NOI as operating revenues (rental income, tenant reimbursements, lease termination fees, ground lease rental income and other property income) less property and related expenses (property expenses, ground lease expense, property marketing costs, real estate taxes and insurance). NOI excludes general and administrative expenses, interest expense, depreciation and amortization, acquisition-related expense, other non-property income and losses, gains and losses from property dispositions, extraordinary items, tenant improvements, and leasing commissions. Other REITs may use different methodologies for calculating NOI, and accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to the NOIs of other REITs.

NOI is used by investors and our management to evaluate and compare the performance of our properties and to determine trends in earnings and to compute the fair value of our properties as it is not affected by (1) the cost of funds of the property owner, (2) the impact of depreciation and amortization expenses as well as gains or losses from the sale of operating real estate assets that are included in net income computed in accordance with GAAP or (3) general and administrative expenses and other gains and losses that are specific to the property owner. The cost of funds is eliminated from net income because it is specific to the particular financing capabilities and constraints of the owner. The cost of funds is also eliminated because it is dependent on historical interest rates and other costs of capital as well as past decisions made by us regarding the appropriate mix of capital, which may have changed or may change in the future. Depreciation and amortization expenses as well as gains or losses from the sale of operating real estate assets are eliminated because they may not accurately represent the actual change in value in our retail, office, multifamily or mixed-use properties that result from use of the properties or changes in market conditions. While certain aspects of real property do decline in value over time in a manner that is intended to be captured by depreciation and amortization, the value of the properties as a whole have historically increased or decreased as a result of changes in overall economic conditions instead of from actual use of the property or the passage of time. Gains and losses from the sale of real property vary from property to property and are affected by market conditions at the time of sale, which will usually change from period to period. These gains and losses can create distortions when comparing one period to another or when comparing our operating results to the operating results of other real estate companies that have not made similarly timed purchases or sales. We believe that eliminating these costs from net income is useful because the resulting measure captures the actual revenue generated and actual expenses incurred in operating our properties as well as trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs.

However, the usefulness of NOI is limited because it excludes general and administrative costs, interest expense, interest income and other expense, depreciation and amortization expense and gains or losses from the sale of properties, and other gains and losses as stipulated by GAAP, the level of capital expenditures and leasing costs necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which are significant economic costs. NOI may fail to capture significant trends in these components of net income, which further limits its usefulness.

NOI is a measure of the operating performance of our properties but does not measure our performance as a whole. NOI is therefore not a substitute for net income as computed in accordance with GAAP. This measure should be analyzed in conjunction with net income computed in accordance with GAAP and discussions elsewhere in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” regarding the components of net income that are eliminated in the calculation of NOI. Other companies may use different methods for calculating NOI or similarly entitled measures and, accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to similarly entitled measures reported by other companies that do not define the measure exactly as we do.

The following is a reconciliation of our NOI to net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 computed in accordance with GAAP (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net operating income	\$ 67,610	\$ 70,542	\$ 134,912	\$ 140,150
General and administrative	(8,850)	(8,737)	(18,162)	(17,579)
Depreciation and amortization	(32,782)	(31,011)	(63,276)	(61,228)
Interest expense, net	(19,784)	(16,289)	(38,564)	(32,544)
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	44,476	—
Other income, net	927	789	1,842	11,118
Net income	\$ 7,121	\$ 15,294	\$ 61,228	\$ 39,917

Funds from Operations

We calculate funds from operations (“FFO”), in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”). FFO represents net income (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, impairment losses, real-estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

FFO is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because it believes that FFO is beneficial to investors as a starting point in measuring our operational performance. Specifically, in excluding real-estate related depreciation and amortization and gains and losses from property dispositions, which do not relate to or are not indicative of operating performance, FFO provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of the performance of REITs, FFO will be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs. However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. In addition, other equity REITs may not calculate FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs’ FFO. Accordingly, FFO should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends or service indebtedness. FFO also should not be used as a supplement to or substitute for cash flow from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of our net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 to FFO, the nearest GAAP equivalent (in thousands, except per share and share data):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
Funds from Operations (FFO)		
Net income	\$ 7,121	\$ 61,228
Plus: Real estate depreciation and amortization	32,782	63,276
Less: Gain on sale of real estate	—	(44,476)
Funds from operations	39,903	80,028
Less: Nonforfeitable dividends on incentive restricted stock awards	(180)	(360)
FFO attributable to common stock and units	\$ 39,723	\$ 79,668
FFO per diluted share/unit	\$ 0.52	\$ 1.04
Weighted average number of common shares and units, diluted ⁽¹⁾	76,711,831	76,716,676

(1) The weighted average common shares used to compute FFO per diluted share include unvested restricted stock awards that are subject to time vesting, which were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS, as the vesting of the restricted stock awards is dilutive in the computation of FFO per diluted share but is anti-dilutive for the computation of diluted EPS for the period. Diluted shares exclude incentive restricted stock as these awards are considered contingently issuable.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market interest rates. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. We manage our market risk by attempting to match anticipated inflow of cash from our operating, investing and financing activities with anticipated outflow of cash to fund debt payments, dividends to our stockholders and Operating Partnership unitholders, investments, capital expenditures and other cash requirements.

Interest Rate Risk

Outstanding Debt

The following discusses the effect of hypothetical changes in market rates of interest on the fair value of our total outstanding debt. Interest rate risk amounts were determined by considering the impact of hypothetical interest rates on our debt. Discounted cash flow analysis is generally used to estimate the fair value of our mortgages payable. Considerable judgment is necessary to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. This analysis does not purport to take into account all of the factors that may affect our debt, such as the effect that a changing interest rate environment could have on the overall level of economic activity or the action that our management might take to reduce our exposure to the change. This analysis assumes no change in our financial structure.

Fixed Interest Rate Debt

Our outstanding notes payable obligations (maturing at various times through October 2034) have fixed interest rates which limit the risk of fluctuating interest rates. However, interest rate fluctuations may affect the fair value of our fixed rate debt instruments. At June 30, 2025, we had \$1.6 billion of fixed rate debt outstanding with an estimated fair value of \$1.5 billion. If interest rates at June 30, 2025 had been 1.0% higher, the fair value of those debt instruments on that date would have decreased by approximately \$47.7 million. If interest rates at June 30, 2025 had been 1.0% lower, the fair value of those debt instruments on that date would have increased by approximately \$95.5 million. The carrying values of our revolving line of credit and term loans are deemed to be at fair value since the outstanding debt is directly tied to monthly SOFR contracts.

Additionally, we consider \$100.0 million related to Term Loan A outstanding as of June 30, 2025 to be fixed rate debt as the rate is effectively fixed by interest rate swap agreements.

Variable Interest Rate Debt

At June 30, 2025, we had \$100.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding, all of which is subject to interest rate swaps as described above. We have historically entered into forward starting interest rate swaps in order to economically hedge against the risk of rising interest rates that would affect our interest expense related to our future anticipated debt issuances as part of its overall borrowing program. See the discussion under Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein for certain quantitative details related to the interest rate swaps and for a discussion on how we value derivative financial instruments. Based upon this amount of variable rate debt and the specific terms, if market interest rates increased or decreased by 1.0%, our annual interest expense would not change and have no corresponding change in our net income and cash flows for the year, since this variable rate debt is effectively fixed by interest rate swap agreements.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Controls and Procedures (American Assets Trust, Inc.)

American Assets Trust, Inc. maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in American Assets Trust, Inc.'s reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and regulations of the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including American Assets Trust, Inc.'s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

American Assets Trust, Inc. has carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including American Assets Trust, Inc.'s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, regarding the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2025, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, as of June 30, 2025, that American Assets Trust, Inc.'s disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by it in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act (1) is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (2) is accumulated and communicated to its management, including American Assets Trust, Inc.'s Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

No changes to American Assets Trust, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting were identified in connection with the evaluation referenced above that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, American Assets Trust, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting.

Controls and Procedures (American Assets Trust, L.P.)

The Operating Partnership maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in its reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and regulations of the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Operating Partnership's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

The Operating Partnership has carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, regarding the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2025, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, as of June 30, 2025, that the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by it in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act (1) is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (2) is accumulated and communicated to its management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

No changes to the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting were identified in connection with the evaluation referenced above that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not currently a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings that we believe to be material or which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operation if determined adversely to us. We may be subject to on-going litigation, relating to our portfolio and the properties comprising our portfolio, and we expect to otherwise be party from time to time to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors included in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, except as noted below:

Changes in Trade Policies, Including the Imposition of Tariffs, Could Adversely Affect Our Tenants, Ability to Lease Space, Development Activities, and Operating Costs

Changes in international trade policies and the implementation or expansion of tariffs or other trade restrictions could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Tariffs imposed on consumer goods could negatively impact the operations and profitability of some of our tenants, potentially affecting their ability to meet rent obligations or renew leases. Tariffs may further impact our ability to lease unoccupied space by affecting market demand. Tariffs on construction materials, appliances, fixtures, and other goods used in the development, renovation, and maintenance of our properties may lead to increased project costs and delays. To the extent that our tenants or service providers are adversely affected by such trade policies, or if our own property-related costs increase materially, our financial performance could be adversely impacted.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, none of our officers or directors adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of our securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.”

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of American Assets Trust, Inc.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of American Assets Trust, L.P.
31.3*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of American Assets Trust, Inc.
31.4*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of American Assets Trust, L.P.
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of American Assets Trust, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of American Assets Trust, L.P. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto authorized.

American Assets Trust, Inc.

American Assets Trust, L.P.

By: American Assets Trust, Inc.

Its: General Partner

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting
Officer)

Date: August 1, 2025

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting
Officer)

Date: August 1, 2025

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT
TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Adam Wyll, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Assets Trust, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 1, 2025

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll

President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT
TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Adam Wyll, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Assets Trust, L.P.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 1, 2025

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll

President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT
TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Robert F. Barton, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Assets Trust, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 1, 2025

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
EVP and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT
TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Robert F. Barton, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Assets Trust, L.P.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 1, 2025

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
EVP and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, Adam Wyll and Robert F. Barton, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of American Assets Trust, Inc. (the “Company”), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2025 of the Company (the “Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
EVP and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 1, 2025

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, Adam Wyll and Robert F. Barton, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of American Assets Trust, L.P. (the “Operating Partnership”), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

(i) the Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2025 of the Operating Partnership (the “Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Operating Partnership.

/s/ ADAM WYLL

Adam Wyll
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ ROBERT F. BARTON

Robert F. Barton
EVP and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 1, 2025